

Wells Fargo Advantage Funds | October 1, 2013

Equity Gateway Funds

Prospectus

Investor Class

C&B Large Cap Value Fund

CBEQX

Emerging Growth Fund

WFGTX

(Closed to most new investors)

Index Fund

WFIRX

As with all mutual funds, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Anyone who tells you otherwise is committing a crime.

Fund shares are NOT deposits or other obligations of, or guaranteed by, Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., its affiliates or any other depository institution. Fund shares are not insured or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency and may lose value.

**SUPPLEMENT TO THE PROSPECTUSES AND
STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
OF
WELLS FARGO ADVANTAGE EQUITY GATEWAY FUNDS
Wells Fargo Advantage C&B Large Cap Value Fund
WELLS FARGO ADVANTAGE SMALL TO MID CAP STOCK FUNDS
Wells Fargo Advantage C&B Mid Cap Value Fund
(each a “Fund” and, collectively, “the Funds”)**

Effective immediately, all references to Daren C. Heitman, CFA in each Fund’s prospectuses and SAI are removed.

February 10, 2014

SCR024/P201ASP (02/14)

SUPPLEMENT TO THE PROSPECTUSES
OF
WELLS FARGO ADVANTAGE EQUITY GATEWAY FUNDS
For the Wells Fargo Advantage Emerging Growth Fund
(the “Fund”)

The following is added in the sections entitled "Principal Investment Strategies" contained in both the Fund Summaries and The Funds sections:

Effective April 1, 2014: We invest principally in equity securities of small-capitalization companies, which we define as securities of companies with market capitalization within the range of the Russell 2000® Index. The market capitalization range of the Russell 2000® Index was approximately \$47.3 million to \$4.25 billion, as of August 30, 2013, and is expected to change frequently.

November 20, 2013

EGR113/P901SP

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C&B LARGE CAP VALUE FUND SUMMARY

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks maximum long-term total return (current income and capital appreciation), consistent with minimizing risk to principal.

Fees and Expenses

These tables are intended to help you understand the various costs and expenses you will pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum sales charge (load) imposed on purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (load) (as a percentage of offering price)	None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees ¹	0.65%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.71%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses²	1.36%
Fee Waivers	0.16%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver³	1.20%

1. Reflects the fees charged by Funds Management for providing advisory services to the master portfolio in which the Fund invests substantially all of its assets.
2. Includes gross expenses allocated from the master portfolio in which the Fund invests.
3. The Adviser has committed through September 30, 2014, to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent necessary to cap the Fund's Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver at the amount shown above. Brokerage commissions, stamp duty fees, interest, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses, and extraordinary expenses are excluded from the cap. Fees from the underlying master portfolio(s) are included in the cap. After this time, the cap may be increased or the commitment to maintain the cap may be terminated only with the approval of the Board of Trustees.

Example of Expenses

The example below is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the costs of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes a \$10,000 initial investment, 5% annual total return, and that operating expenses remain the same as in the tables above. The example also assumes that the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver shown above will only be in place for the length of the current waiver commitment. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

After:	
1 Year	\$122
3 Years	\$415
5 Years	\$729
10 Years	\$1,621

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 18% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, we invest:

- at least 80% of the Fund's net assets in equity securities of large-capitalization companies.

The Fund is a gateway fund that invests substantially all of its assets in the C&B Large Cap Value Portfolio, a master portfolio with a substantially identical investment objective and substantially similar investment strategies. We may invest in additional master portfolios, in other *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds*, or directly in a portfolio of securities.

We invest principally in equity securities of large-capitalization companies, which we define as companies with market capitalizations within the range of the Russell 1000® Index. The market capitalization range of the Russell 1000® Index was approximately \$838.4 million to \$442.6 billion, as of August 30, 2013, and is expected to change frequently. We manage a relatively focused portfolio of 30 to 50 companies that enables us to provide adequate diversification while allowing the composition and performance of the portfolio to behave differently than the market.

We select securities for the portfolio based on an analysis of a company's financial characteristics and an assessment of the quality of a company's management. In selecting a company, we consider criteria such as return on equity, balance sheet strength, industry leadership position and cash flow projections. We further narrow the universe of acceptable investments by undertaking intensive research including interviews with a company's top management, customers and suppliers. We believe our assessment of business quality and emphasis on valuation will protect the portfolio's assets in down markets, while our insistence on strength in leadership, financial condition and cash flow position will produce competitive results in all but the most speculative markets. We regularly review the investments of the portfolio and may sell a portfolio holding when it has achieved its valuation target, there is deterioration in the underlying fundamentals of the business, or we have identified a more attractive investment opportunity.

Principal Investment Risks

An investment in the Fund may lose money, is not a deposit of Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. or its affiliates, is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency, and is primarily subject to the risks briefly summarized below.

Focused Portfolio Risk. Since the Fund tends to invest in a smaller number of stocks than do many other similar mutual funds, changes in the value of individual stocks held by the Fund may have a larger impact on the Fund's net asset value than if the Fund were more broadly invested.

Issuer Risk. The value of a security may decline because of adverse events or circumstances that directly relate to conditions at the issuer or any entity providing it credit or liquidity support.

Larger Company Securities Risk. Securities of companies with larger market capitalizations may underperform securities of companies with smaller and mid-sized market capitalizations in certain economic environments.

Liquidity Risk. A security may not be able to be sold at the time desired or without adversely affecting the price.

Management Risk. Investment decisions made by a Fund's adviser in seeking to achieve the Fund's investment objective may not produce the returns expected by the adviser, may cause the securities held by the Fund and, in turn, the Fund's shares to lose value or may cause the Fund to underperform other funds with similar investment objectives.

Market Risk. The market price of securities owned by the Fund may rapidly or unpredictably decline due to factors affecting securities markets generally or particular industries.

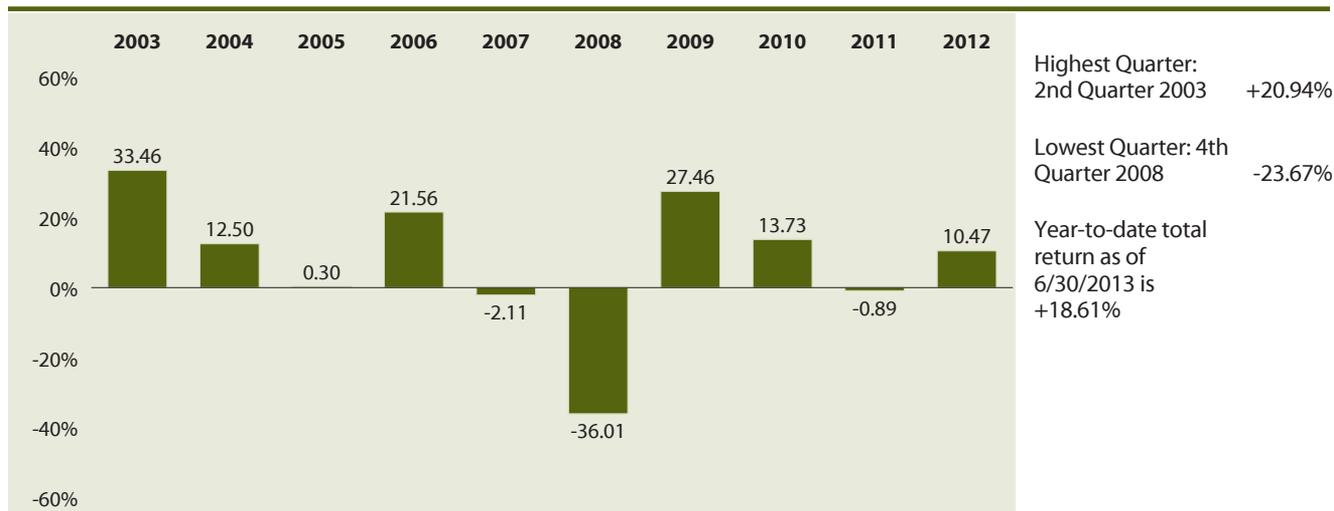
Regulatory Risk. Changes in government regulations may adversely affect the value of a security. An insufficiently regulated industry or market might also permit inappropriate practices that adversely affect an investment.

Value Style Investment Risk. Value stocks may lose value and may be subject to prolonged depressed valuations.

Performance

The following information provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year. The Fund's average annual total returns are compared to the performance of one or more indices. Past performance before and after taxes is no guarantee of future results. Current month-end performance is available on the Fund's Web site at wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com.

Calendar Year Total Returns as of 12/31 each year Investor Class



Average Annual Total Returns for the periods ended 12/31/2012

	Inception Date of Share Class	1 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Investor Class (before taxes)	5/15/1990	10.47%	0.31%	6.17%
Investor Class (after taxes on distributions)	5/15/1990	10.24%	0.09%	5.71%
Investor Class (after taxes on distributions and the sale of Fund Shares)	5/15/1990	7.11%	0.22%	5.29%
Russell 1000® Value Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)		17.51%	0.59%	7.38%

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state, local or foreign taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and after-tax returns shown are not relevant to tax-exempt investors or investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) Plans or Individual Retirement Accounts.

Fund Management

Adviser	Sub-Adviser	Portfolio Manager, Title/Managed Since
Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC	Cooke & Bieler, L.P.	Daren C. Heitman, CFA , Portfolio Manager / 2005 Steve Lyons, CFA , Portfolio Manager / 2009 Michael M. Meyer, CFA , Portfolio Manager / 1993 Edward W. O'Connor, CFA , Portfolio Manager / 2002 R. James O'Neil, CFA , Portfolio Manager / 1990 Mehul Trivedi, CFA , Portfolio Manager / 1998 William Weber, CFA , Portfolio Manager / 2011

References to the investment activities of a gateway fund are intended to refer to the investment activities of the master portfolio(s) in which it invests.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Minimum Investments	To Buy or Sell Shares
Minimum Initial Investment Regular Accounts: \$2,500 IRAs, IRA Rollovers, Roth IRAs: \$1,000 UGMA/UTMA Accounts: \$1,000 Employer Sponsored Retirement Plans: No Minimum Minimum Additional Investment Regular Accounts, IRAs, IRA Rollovers, Roth IRAs: \$100 UGMA/UTMA Accounts: \$50 Employer Sponsored Retirement Plans: No Minimum	Mail: Wells Fargo Advantage Funds P.O. Box 8266 Boston, MA 02266-8266 Internet: wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com Phone or Wire: 1-800-222-8222 Contact your financial professional.

In general, you can buy or sell shares of the Fund by mail, internet, phone, wire or in person on any business day. You also may buy and sell shares through a financial professional.

Tax Information

Any distributions you receive from the Fund may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) or other tax advantaged investment plan. However, subsequent withdrawals from such a tax advantaged investment plan may be subject to federal income tax. You should consult your tax adviser about your specific tax situation.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase a Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Consult your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's Web site for more information.

EMERGING GROWTH FUND SUMMARY

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks long-term capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses

These tables are intended to help you understand the various costs and expenses you will pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum sales charge (load) imposed on purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (load) (as a percentage of offering price)	None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees ¹	0.79%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.67%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses²	1.46%
Fee Waivers	0.03%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver³	1.43%

1. Reflects the fees charged by Funds Management for providing advisory services to the master portfolio in which the Fund invests substantially all of its assets.
2. Includes gross expenses allocated from the master portfolio in which the Fund invests.
3. The Adviser has committed through September 30, 2014, to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent necessary to cap the Fund's Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver at the amount shown above. Brokerage commissions, stamp duty fees, interest, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses, and extraordinary expenses are excluded from the cap. Fees from the underlying master portfolio(s) are included in the cap. After this time, the cap may be increased or the commitment to maintain the cap may be terminated only with the approval of the Board of Trustees.

Example of Expenses

The example below is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the costs of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes a \$10,000 initial investment, 5% annual total return, and that operating expenses remain the same as in the tables above. The example also assumes that the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver shown above will only be in place for the length of the current waiver commitment. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

After:	
1 Year	\$146
3 Years	\$459
5 Years	\$795
10 Years	\$1,744

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 65% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, we invest:

- at least 80% of the Fund's total assets in equity securities of small-capitalization companies; and
- up to 25% of the Fund's total assets in equity securities of foreign issuers through ADRs and similar investments.

The Fund is a gateway fund that invests substantially all of its assets in the Emerging Growth Portfolio, a master portfolio with a substantially identical investment objective and substantially similar investment strategies. We may invest in additional master portfolios, in other *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds*, or directly in a portfolio of securities.

We invest principally in equity securities of small-capitalization companies that we believe have prospects for robust and sustainable growth of revenues and earnings. We define small-capitalization companies as those with market capitalizations of \$3 billion or less. Small-capitalization companies may include both domestic and foreign small-capitalization companies. We may also invest in equity securities of foreign issuers through ADRs and similar investments.

We seek small-capitalization companies that are in the emerging phase of their life cycle. We believe earnings and revenue growth relative to expectations are critical factors in determining stock price movements. Thus, our investment process is centered around finding emerging growth companies with under-appreciated prospects for robust and sustainable growth in earnings and revenue. To find that growth, we use bottom-up research, emphasizing companies whose management teams have a history of successfully executing their strategy and whose business model have sufficient profit potential. We forecast revenue and earnings growth along with other key financial metrics to assess investment potential. We then combine that company-specific analysis with our assessment of what the market is discounting for growth to form a buy/sell decision about a particular stock. We may invest in any sector and, at times, we may emphasize one or more particular sectors. We sell a company's securities when we see deterioration in fundamentals that leads us to become suspicious of a company's prospective growth profile or the profitability potential of its business model, as this often leads to lower valuation potential. We may also sell or trim a position when we need to raise money to fund the purchase of a better investment opportunity or when valuation is extended.

Principal Investment Risks

An investment in the Fund may lose money, is not a deposit of Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. or its affiliates, is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency, and is primarily subject to the risks briefly summarized below.

Foreign Investment Risk. Foreign investments face the potential of heightened illiquidity, greater price volatility and adverse effects of political, regulatory, tax, currency, economic or other macroeconomic developments.

Growth Style Investment Risk. Growth stocks may be more expensive relative to the values of other stocks and carry potential for significant volatility and loss.

Issuer Risk. The value of a security may decline because of adverse events or circumstances that directly relate to conditions at the issuer or any entity providing it credit or liquidity support.

Liquidity Risk. A security may not be able to be sold at the time desired or without adversely affecting the price.

Management Risk. Investment decisions made by a Fund's adviser in seeking to achieve the Fund's investment objective may not produce the returns expected by the adviser, may cause the securities held by the Fund and, in turn, the Fund's shares to lose value or may cause the Fund to underperform other funds with similar investment objectives.

Market Risk. The market price of securities owned by the Fund may rapidly or unpredictably decline due to factors affecting securities markets generally or particular industries.

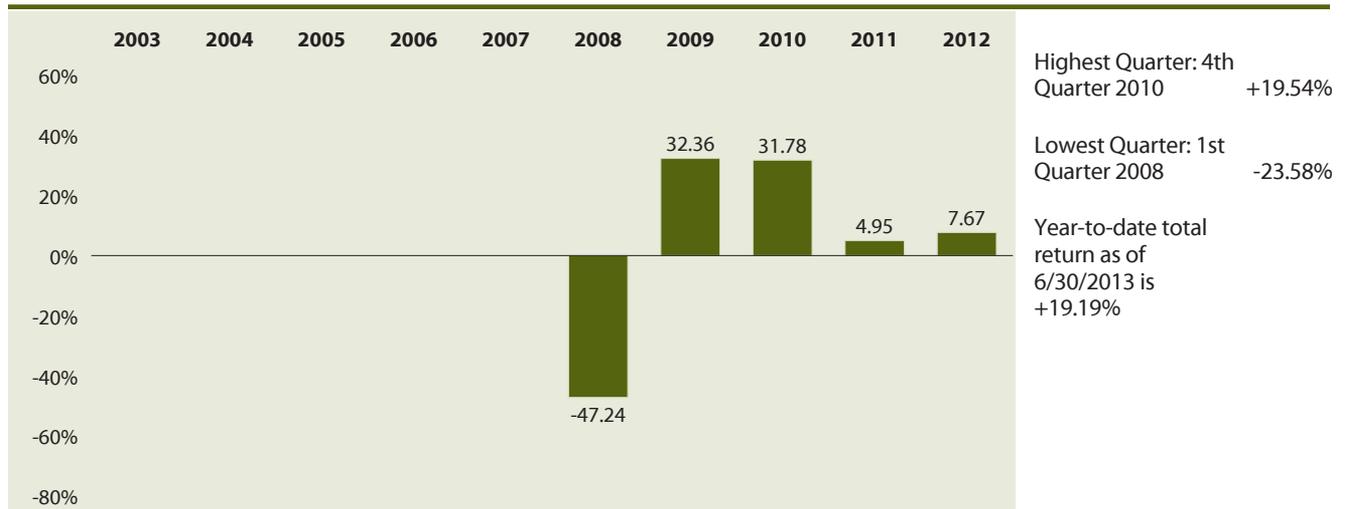
Regulatory Risk. Changes in government regulations may adversely affect the value of a security. An insufficiently regulated industry or market might also permit inappropriate practices that adversely affect an investment.

Smaller Company Securities Risk. Securities of companies with smaller market capitalizations tend to be more volatile and less liquid than larger company stocks.

Performance

The following information provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year. The Fund's average annual total returns are compared to the performance of one or more indices. Past performance before and after taxes is no guarantee of future results. Current month-end performance is available on the Fund's Web site at wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com.

Calendar Year Total Returns as of 12/31 each year Investor Class



Average Annual Total Returns for the periods ended 12/31/2012

	Inception Date of Share Class	1 Year	5 Year	Performance Since 1/31/2007
Investor Class (before taxes)	1/31/2007	7.67%	0.79%	4.40%
Investor Class (after taxes on distributions)	1/31/2007	6.79%	0.62%	4.20%
Investor Class (after taxes on distributions and the sale of Fund Shares)	1/31/2007	6.11%	0.67%	3.75%
Russell 2000® Growth Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)		14.59%	3.49%	3.81%

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state, local or foreign taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and after-tax returns shown are not relevant to tax-exempt investors or investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) Plans or Individual Retirement Accounts.

Fund Management

Adviser	Sub-Adviser	Portfolio Manager, Title / Managed Since
Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC	Wells Capital Management Incorporated	Thomas C. Ognar, CFA , Portfolio Manager / 2007 Joseph M. Eberhardy, CFA, CPA , Portfolio Manager / 2008 Bruce C. Olson, CFA , Portfolio Manager / 2007

References to the investment activities of a gateway fund are intended to refer to the investment activities of the master portfolio(s) in which it invests.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Buying Fund Shares	To Place Orders or Redeem Shares
Minimum Initial Investment Regular Accounts: \$2,500 IRAs, IRA Rollovers, Roth IRAs: \$1,000 UGMA/UTMA Accounts: \$1,000 Employer Sponsored Retirement Plans: No Minimum (currently closed to most new investors)	Mail: <i>Wells Fargo Advantage Funds</i> P.O. Box 8266 Boston, MA 02266-8266 Internet: wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com Phone or Wire: 1-800-222-8222 Contact your financial professional.
Minimum Additional Investment Regular Accounts, IRAs, IRA Rollovers, Roth IRAs: \$100 UGMA/UTMA Accounts: \$50 Employer Sponsored Retirement Plans: No Minimum	

In general, you can buy or sell shares of the Fund by mail, internet, phone or wire on any business day. You also may buy and sell shares through a financial professional. The fund is closed to most new investors. For further information, please see the section entitled "Additional Purchase and Redemption Information" in the SAI.

Tax Information

Any distributions you receive from the Fund may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) or other tax advantaged investment plan. However, subsequent withdrawals from such a tax advantaged investment plan may be subject to federal income tax. You should consult your tax adviser about your specific tax situation.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase a Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Consult your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's Web site for more information.

INDEX FUND SUMMARY

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to replicate the total return of the S&P 500® Index, before fees and expenses.

Fees and Expenses

These tables are intended to help you understand the various costs and expenses you will pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum sales charge (load) imposed on purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (load) (as a percentage of offering price)	None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees ¹	0.08%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.64%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses²	0.72%
Fee Waivers	0.27%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver³	0.45%

1. Reflects the fees charged by Funds Management for providing advisory services to the master portfolio in which the Fund invests substantially all of its assets.
2. Includes gross expenses allocated from the master portfolio in which the Fund invests.
3. The Adviser has committed through September 30, 2014, to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent necessary to cap the Fund's Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver at the amount shown above. Brokerage commissions, stamp duty fees, interest, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses, and extraordinary expenses are excluded from the cap. Fees from the underlying master portfolio(s) are included in the cap. After this time, the cap may be increased or the commitment to maintain the cap may be terminated only with the approval of the Board of Trustees.

Example of Expenses

The example below is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the costs of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes a \$10,000 initial investment, 5% annual total return, and that operating expenses remain the same as in the tables above. The example also assumes that the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver shown above will only be in place for the length of the current waiver commitment. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

After:	
1 Year	\$46
3 Years	\$203
5 Years	\$374
10 Years	\$869

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 4% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, we invest:

- at least 80% of the Fund's net assets in a diversified portfolio of equity securities designed to replicate the holdings and weightings of the stocks comprising the S&P 500® Index.

The Fund is a gateway fund that invests substantially all of its assets in the Index Portfolio, a master portfolio with a substantially identical investment objective and substantially similar investment strategies. We invest in substantially all of the common stocks comprising the S&P 500® Index and attempt to achieve at least a 95% correlation between the performance of the S&P 500® Index and the Fund's investment results, before fees and expenses. This correlation is sought regardless of market conditions. If we are unable to achieve this correlation, then we will closely monitor the performance and composition of the S&P 500® Index and adjust the Fund's securities holdings as necessary to seek the correlation.

A precise duplication of the performance of the S&P 500® Index would mean that the net asset value ("NAV") of Fund shares, including dividends and capital gains, would increase or decrease in exact proportion to changes in the S&P 500® Index. Such a 100% correlation is not feasible. Our ability to track the performance of the S&P 500® Index may be affected by, among other things, transaction costs and shareholder purchases and redemptions. We continuously monitor the performance and composition of the S&P 500® Index and adjust the Fund's portfolio as necessary to reflect any changes to the S&P 500® Index and to maintain a 95% or better performance correlation before fees and expenses. Furthermore, we may use futures to manage risk or to enhance return.

Principal Investment Risks

An investment in the Fund may lose money, is not a deposit of Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. or its affiliates, is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency, and is primarily subject to the risks briefly summarized below.

Counter-Party Risk. A Fund may incur a loss if the other party to an investment contract, such as a derivative or a repurchase or reverse repurchase agreement, fails to fulfill its contractual obligation to the Fund.

Derivatives Risk. The use of derivatives such as futures, options and swap agreements, can lead to losses, including those magnified by leverage, particularly when derivatives are used to enhance return rather than offset risk.

Futures Risk. Because the futures utilized by a Fund are standardized and exchange-traded, where the exchange serves as the ultimate counterparty for all contracts, the primary credit risk on futures contracts is the creditworthiness of the exchange itself. Futures are also subject to market risk, interest rate risk (in the case of futures contracts relating to income producing securities) and index tracking risk (in the case of stock index futures).

Index Tracking Risk. The ability to track an index may be affected by, among other things, transaction costs and shareholder purchases and redemptions.

Issuer Risk. The value of a security may decline because of adverse events or circumstances that directly relate to conditions at the issuer or any entity providing it credit or liquidity support.

Larger Company Securities Risk. Securities of companies with larger market capitalizations may underperform securities of companies with smaller and mid-sized market capitalizations in certain economic environments.

Leverage Risk. Leverage created by borrowing or certain investments, such as derivatives and reverse repurchase agreements, can diminish the Fund's performance and increase the volatility of the Fund's net asset value.

Liquidity Risk. A security may not be able to be sold at the time desired or without adversely affecting the price.

Management Risk. Investment decisions made by a Fund's adviser in seeking to achieve the Fund's investment objective may not produce the returns expected by the adviser, may cause the securities held by the Fund and, in turn, the Fund's shares to lose value or may cause the Fund to underperform other funds with similar investment objectives.

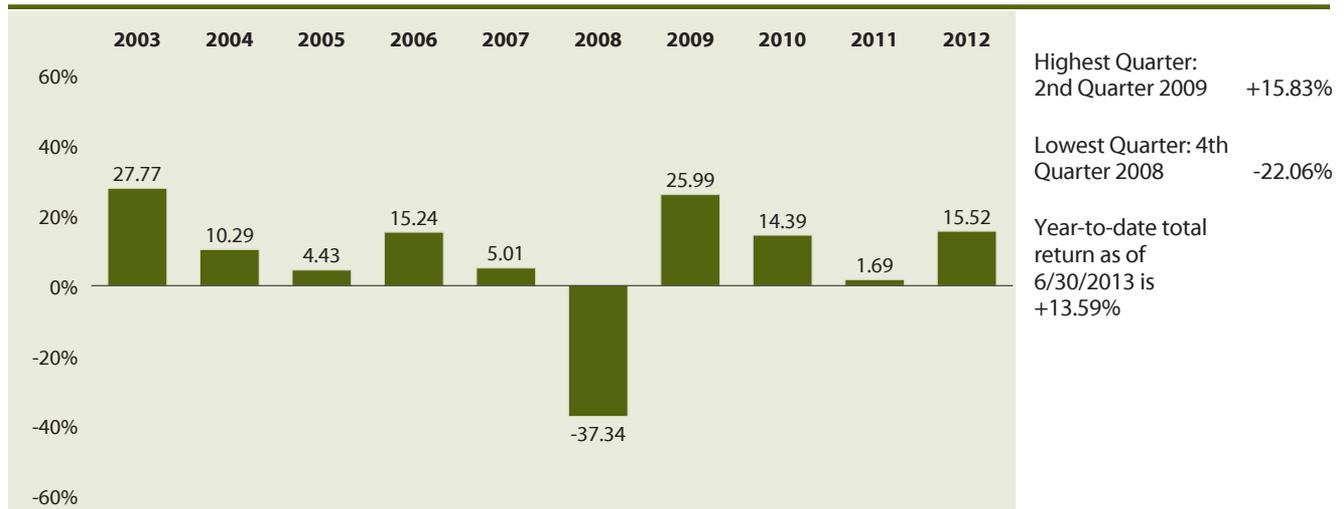
Market Risk. The market price of securities owned by the Fund may rapidly or unpredictably decline due to factors affecting securities markets generally or particular industries.

Regulatory Risk. Changes in government regulations may adversely affect the value of a security. An insufficiently regulated industry or market might also permit inappropriate practices that adversely affect an investment.

Performance

The following information provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year. The Fund's average annual total returns are compared to the performance of one or more indices. Past performance before and after taxes is no guarantee of future results. Current month-end performance is available on the Fund's Web site at wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com.

Calendar Year Total Returns as of 12/31 each year Investor Class



Average Annual Total Returns for the periods ended 12/31/2012

	Inception Date of Share Class	1 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Investor Class (before taxes)	7/16/2010	15.52%	1.19%	6.57%
Investor Class (after taxes on distributions)	7/16/2010	14.82%	-0.02%	5.77%
Investor Class (after taxes on distributions and the sale of Fund Shares)	7/16/2010	10.91%	0.75%	5.58%
S&P 500 Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)		16.00%	1.66%	7.10%

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state, local or foreign taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and after-tax returns shown are not relevant to tax-exempt investors or investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) Plans or Individual Retirement Accounts.

Fund Management

Adviser	Sub-Adviser	Portfolio Manager, Title/Managed Since
Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC	Golden Capital Management, LLC	John R. Campbell, CFA , Portfolio Manager / 2013 Justin Carr, CFA , Portfolio Manager / 2013 David Neal, CFA , Portfolio Manager / 2013

References to the investment activities of a gateway fund are intended to refer to the investment activities of the master portfolio(s) in which it invests.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Minimum Investments	To Buy or Sell Shares
Minimum Initial Investment Regular Accounts: \$2,500 IRAs, IRA Rollovers, Roth IRAs: \$1,000 UGMA/UTMA Accounts: \$1,000 Employer Sponsored Retirement Plans: No Minimum	Mail: <i>Wells Fargo Advantage Funds</i> P.O. Box 8266 Boston, MA 02266-8266 Internet: wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com Phone or Wire: 1-800-222-8222 Contact your financial professional.
Minimum Additional Investment Regular Accounts, IRAs, IRA Rollovers, Roth IRAs: \$100 UGMA/UTMA Accounts: \$50 Employer Sponsored Retirement Plans: No Minimum	

In general, you can buy or sell shares of the Fund by mail, internet, phone or wire on any day the New York Stock Exchange is open for regular trading. You also may buy and sell shares through a financial professional.

Tax Information

Any distributions you receive from the Fund may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) or other tax advantaged investment plan. However, subsequent withdrawals from such a tax advantaged investment plan may be subject to federal income tax. You should consult your tax adviser about your specific tax situation.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase a Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Consult your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's Web site for more information.

Key Fund Information

This Prospectus contains information about one or more Funds within the *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds*[®] family and is designed to provide you with important information to help you with your investment decisions. Please read it carefully and keep it for future reference.

In this Prospectus, "we" generally refers to Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC ("Funds Management"), the relevant sub-adviser(s), if applicable, or the portfolio manager(s). "We" may also refer to a Fund's other service providers. "You" refers to the shareholder or potential investor.

Investment Objective and Principal Investment Strategies

The investment objective of each Fund in this Prospectus is non-fundamental; that is, it can be changed by a vote of the Board of Trustees alone. The objective and strategies description for each Fund tells you:

- what the Fund is trying to achieve;
- how we intend to invest your money; and
- what makes the Fund different from the other Funds offered in this Prospectus.

This section also provides a summary of each Fund's principal investments and practices. Unless otherwise indicated, these investment policies and practices apply on an ongoing basis. Percentages of "the Fund's net assets" are measured as percentages of net assets plus borrowings for investment purposes. The investment policy of the C&B Large Cap Value Fund and the Index Fund concerning "80% of the Fund's net assets" may be changed by the Board of Trustees without shareholder approval, but shareholders would be given at least 60 days notice.

Principal Risk Factors

This section lists the principal risk factors for each Fund. A complete description of these and other risks is found in the "Description of Principal Investment Risks" section. It is possible to lose money by investing in a Fund.

Master / Gateway[®] Structure

The Funds are gateway funds in a *Master/Gateway* structure. This structure is more commonly known as a master/feeder structure. In this structure, a gateway or feeder fund invests substantially all of its assets in one or more master portfolios or other Funds of *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds*, and may invest directly in securities, to achieve its investment objective. Multiple gateway funds investing in the same master portfolio or Fund can enhance their investment opportunities and reduce their expense ratios by sharing the costs and benefits of a larger pool of assets. References to the investment activities of a gateway fund are intended to refer to the investment activities of the master portfolio(s) in which it invests.

C&B Large Cap Value Fund

Adviser	Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC	
Sub-Adviser	Cooke & Bieler, L.P.	
Portfolio Managers	Daren C. Heitman, CFA; Steve Lyons, CFA; Michael M. Meyer, CFA; Edward W. O'Connor, CFA; R. James O'Neil, CFA; Mehul Trivedi, CFA; William Weber, CFA	
Fund Inception:	5/15/1990	
Investor Class	Ticker: CBEQX	Fund Number: 1866

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks maximum long-term total return (current income and capital appreciation), consistent with minimizing risk to principal.

The Fund's Board of Trustees can change this investment objective without a shareholder vote.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, we invest:

- at least 80% of the Fund's net assets in equity securities of large-capitalization companies.

The Fund is a gateway fund that invests substantially all of its assets in the C&B Large Cap Value Portfolio, a master portfolio with a substantially identical investment objective and substantially similar investment strategies. We may invest in additional master portfolios, in other *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds*, or directly in a portfolio of securities.

We invest principally in equity securities of large-capitalization companies, which we define as companies with market capitalizations within the range of the Russell 1000® Index. The market capitalization range of the Russell 1000® Index was approximately \$838.4 million to \$442.6 billion, as of August 30, 2013, and is expected to change frequently. We manage a relatively focused portfolio of 30 to 50 companies that enables us to provide adequate diversification while allowing the composition and performance of the portfolio to behave differently than the market.

We select securities for the portfolio based on an analysis of a company's financial characteristics and an assessment of the quality of a company's management. In selecting a company, we consider criteria such as return on equity, balance sheet strength, industry leadership position and cash flow projections. We further narrow the universe of acceptable investments by undertaking intensive research including interviews with a company's top management, customers and suppliers. We believe our assessment of business quality and emphasis on valuation will protect the portfolio's assets in down markets, while our insistence on strength in leadership, financial condition and cash flow position will produce competitive results in all but the most speculative markets. We regularly review the investments of the portfolio and may sell a portfolio holding when it has achieved its valuation target, there is deterioration in the underlying fundamentals of the business, or we have identified a more attractive investment opportunity.

We may actively trade portfolio securities, which may lead to higher transaction costs that may affect the Fund's performance. In addition, active trading of portfolio securities may lead to higher taxes if your shares are held in a taxable account.

The Fund may hold some of its assets in cash or in money market instruments, including U.S. Government obligations, shares of other mutual funds and repurchase agreements, or make other short-term investments for purposes of maintaining liquidity or for short-term defensive purposes when we believe it is in the best interests of the shareholders to do so. During these periods, the Fund may not achieve its objective.

Principal Risk Factors

The Fund is primarily subject to the risks mentioned below.

- Focused Portfolio Risk
- Issuer Risk
- Larger Company Securities Risk
- Liquidity Risk
- Management Risk
- Market Risk
- Regulatory Risk
- Value Style Investment Risk

These and other risks could cause you to lose money in your investment in the Fund and could adversely affect the Fund's net asset value and total return. These risks are described in the "Description of Principal Investment Risks" section.

Emerging Growth Fund

Adviser	Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC
Sub-Adviser	Wells Capital Management Incorporated
Portfolio Managers	Thomas C. Ognar, CFA; Joseph M. Eberhardy, CFA, CPA; Bruce C. Olson, CFA
Fund Inception:	1/31/2007
Investor Class	Ticker: WFGTX Fund Number: 3231

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks long-term capital appreciation.

The Fund's Board of Trustees can change this investment objective without a shareholder vote.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, we invest:

- at least 80% of the Fund's total assets in equity securities of small-capitalization companies; and
- up to 25% of the Fund's total assets in equity securities of foreign issuers through ADRs and similar investments.

The Fund is a gateway fund that invests substantially all of its assets in the Emerging Growth Portfolio, a master portfolio with a substantially identical investment objective and substantially similar investment strategies. We may invest in additional master portfolios, in other *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds*, or directly in a portfolio of securities.

We invest principally in equity securities of small-capitalization companies that we believe have prospects for robust and sustainable growth of revenues and earnings. We define small-capitalization companies as those with market capitalizations of \$3 billion or less. Small-capitalization companies may include both domestic and foreign small-capitalization companies. We may also invest in equity securities of foreign issuers through ADRs and similar investments.

We seek small-capitalization companies that are in the emerging phase of their life cycle. We believe earnings and revenue growth relative to expectations are critical factors in determining stock price movements. Thus, our investment process is centered around finding emerging growth companies with under-appreciated prospects for robust and sustainable growth in earnings and revenue. To find that growth, we use bottom-up research, emphasizing companies whose management teams have a history of successfully executing their strategy and whose business model have sufficient profit potential. We forecast revenue and earnings growth along with other key financial metrics to assess investment potential. We then combine that company-specific analysis with our assessment of what the market is discounting for growth to form a buy/sell decision about a particular stock. We may invest in any sector and, at times, we may emphasize one or more particular sectors. We sell a company's securities when we see deterioration in fundamentals that leads us to become suspicious of a company's prospective growth profile or the profitability potential of its business model, as this often leads to lower valuation potential. We may also sell or trim a position when we need to raise money to fund the purchase of a better investment opportunity or when valuation is extended.

We may actively trade portfolio securities, which may lead to higher transaction costs that may affect the Fund's performance. In addition, active trading of portfolio securities may lead to higher taxes if your shares are held in a taxable account.

The Fund may hold some of its assets in cash or in money market instruments, including U.S. Government obligations, shares of other mutual funds and repurchase agreements, or make other short-term investments for purposes of maintaining liquidity or for short-term defensive purposes when we believe it is in the best interests of the shareholders to do so. During these periods, the Fund may not achieve its objective.

Principal Risk Factors

The Fund is primarily subject to the risks mentioned below.

- Foreign Investment Risk
- Growth Style Investment Risk
- Issuer Risk
- Liquidity Risk
- Management Risk
- Market Risk
- Regulatory Risk
- Smaller Company Securities Risk

These and other risks could cause you to lose money in your investment in the Fund and could adversely affect the Fund's net asset value and total return. These risks are described in the "Description of Principal Investment Risks" section.

Index Fund

Adviser	Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC
Sub-Adviser	Golden Capital Management, LLC
Portfolio Managers	John R. Campbell, CFA; Justin Carr, CFA; David Neal, CFA
Fund Inception:	February 14, 1985
Investor Class	Ticker: WFIRX Fund Number: 3278

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to replicate the total return of the S&P 500® Index, before fees and expenses.

The Fund's Board of Trustees can change this investment objective without a shareholder vote.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, we invest:

- at least 80% of the Fund's net assets in a diversified portfolio of equity securities designed to replicate the holdings and weightings of the stocks comprising the S&P 500® Index.

The Fund is a gateway fund that invests substantially all of its assets in the Index Portfolio, a master portfolio with a substantially identical investment objective and substantially similar investment strategies. We invest in substantially all of the common stocks comprising the S&P 500® Index and attempt to achieve at least a 95% correlation between the performance of the S&P 500® Index and the Fund's investment results, before fees and expenses. This correlation is sought regardless of market conditions. If we are unable to achieve this correlation, then we will closely monitor the performance and composition of the S&P 500® Index and adjust the Fund's securities holdings as necessary to seek the correlation.

A precise duplication of the performance of the S&P 500® Index would mean that the net asset value ("NAV") of Fund shares, including dividends and capital gains, would increase or decrease in exact proportion to changes in the S&P 500® Index. Such a 100% correlation is not feasible. Our ability to track the performance of the S&P 500® Index may be affected by, among other things, transaction costs and shareholder purchases and redemptions. We continuously monitor the performance and composition of the S&P 500® Index and adjust the Fund's portfolio as necessary to reflect any changes to the S&P 500® Index and to maintain a 95% or better performance correlation before fees and expenses. Furthermore, we may use futures to manage risk or to enhance return.

We may actively trade portfolio securities, which may lead to higher transaction costs that may affect the Fund's performance. In addition, active trading of portfolio securities may lead to higher taxes if your shares are held in a taxable account.

The Fund may hold some of its assets in cash or in money market instruments, including U.S. Government obligations, shares of other mutual funds and repurchase agreements, or make other short-term investments for purposes of maintaining liquidity or for short-term defensive purposes when we believe it is in the best interests of the shareholders to do so. During these periods, the Fund may not achieve its objective.

Principal Risk Factors

- Counter-Party Risk
- Derivatives Risk
- Futures Risk
- Index Tracking Risk
- Issuer Risk
- Larger Company Securities Risk
- Leverage Risk
- Liquidity Risk
- Management Risk
- Market Risk
- Regulatory Risk

These and other risks could cause you to lose money in your investment in the Fund and could adversely affect the Fund's net asset value and total return. These risks are described in the "Description of Principal Investment Risks" section.

Description of Principal Investment Risks

Understanding the risks involved in mutual fund investing will help you make an informed decision that takes into account your risk tolerance and preferences. The factors that are most likely to have a material effect on a particular Fund as a whole are called "principal risks." The principal risks for each Fund and indirectly, the principal risk factors for the master portfolios in which the Fund invests, have been previously identified and are described below. Additional information about the principal risks is included in the Statement of Additional Information.

Counter-Party Risk

When a Fund enters into an investment contract, such as a derivative or a repurchase or reverse repurchase agreement, the Fund is exposed to the risk that the other party will not fulfill its contractual obligations. For example, in a repurchase agreement, there exists the risk that where the Fund buys a security from a seller that agrees to repurchase the security at an agreed upon price and time, the seller will not repurchase the security. Similarly, the Fund is exposed to counter-party risk if it engages in a reverse repurchase agreement where a broker-dealer agrees to buy securities and the Fund agrees to repurchase them at a later date.

Derivatives Risk

The term "derivatives" covers a broad range of investments, including futures, options and swap agreements. In general, a derivative refers to any financial instrument whose value is derived, at least in part, from the price of another security or a specified index, asset or rate. The use of derivatives presents risks different from, and possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in traditional securities. The use of derivatives can lead to losses because of adverse movements in the price or value of the underlying asset, index or rate, which may be magnified by certain features of the derivatives. These risks are heightened when the portfolio manager uses derivatives to enhance a Fund's return or as a substitute for a position or security, rather than solely to hedge (or offset) the risk of a position or security held by the Fund. The success of management's derivatives strategies will also be affected by its ability to assess and predict the impact of market or economic developments on the underlying asset, index or rate and the derivative itself, without the benefit of observing the performance of the derivative under all possible market conditions. Certain derivative positions may be difficult to close out when a Fund's portfolio manager may believe it would be appropriate to do so. Certain derivative positions (e.g., over-the-counter swaps) are subject to counterparty risk.

The U.S. government recently enacted legislation that provides for new regulation of the derivatives market, including clearing, margin, reporting and registration requirements. Because the legislation leaves much to rule making, its ultimate impact remains unclear. New regulations could, among other things, restrict a Fund's ability to engage in derivatives transactions (for example, by making certain types of derivatives transactions no longer available to the Fund) and/or increase the costs of such derivatives transactions (for example, by increasing margin or capital requirements), and the Fund may be unable to execute its investment strategy as a result. It is unclear how the regulatory changes will affect counterparty risk.

Focused Portfolio Risk

Since the Fund tends to invest in a smaller number of stocks than do many other similar mutual funds, changes in the value of individual stocks held by the Fund may have a larger impact on the Fund's net asset value than if the Fund were more broadly invested.

Foreign Investment Risk

Foreign investments, including American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs") and similar investments, are subject to more risks than U.S. domestic investments. These additional risks may potentially include lower liquidity, greater price volatility and risks related to adverse political, regulatory, market or economic developments. Foreign companies also may be subject to significantly higher levels of taxation than U.S. companies, including potentially confiscatory levels of taxation, thereby reducing the earnings potential of such foreign companies. In addition, amounts realized on sales or distributions of foreign securities may be subject to high and potentially confiscatory levels of foreign taxation and withholding when compared to comparable transactions in U.S. securities. Investments in foreign securities involve exposure to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Such changes may reduce the U.S. dollar value of the investment. Foreign investments are also subject to risks including potentially higher withholding and other taxes, trade settlement, custodial, and other operational risks and less stringent investor protection and disclosure standards in certain foreign markets. In addition, foreign markets can and often do perform differently from U.S. markets.

Futures Risk

Because the futures utilized by a Fund are standardized and exchange-traded, where the exchange serves as the ultimate

counterparty for all contracts, the primary credit risk on futures contracts is the creditworthiness of the exchange itself. Futures are also subject to market risk, interest rate risk (in the case of futures contracts relating to income producing securities) and index tracking risk (in the case of stock index futures).

Growth Style Investment Risk

Growth stocks can perform differently from the market as a whole and from other types of stocks. Growth stocks may be designated as such and purchased based on the premise that the market will eventually reward a given company's long-term earnings growth with a higher stock price when that company's earnings grow faster than both inflation and the economy in general. Thus a growth style investment strategy attempts to identify companies whose earnings may or are growing at a rate faster than inflation and the economy. While growth stocks may react differently to issuer, political, market and economic developments than the market as a whole and other types of stocks by rising in price in certain environments, growth stocks also tend to be sensitive to changes in the earnings of their underlying companies and more volatile than other types of stocks, particularly over the short term. Furthermore, growth stocks may be more expensive relative to their current earnings or assets compared to the values of other stocks, and if earnings growth expectations moderate, their valuations may return to more typical norms, causing their stock prices to fall. Finally, during periods of adverse economic and market conditions, the stock prices of growth stocks may fall despite favorable earnings trends.

Index Tracking Risk

The ability to track an index may be affected by, among other things, transaction costs and shareholder purchases and redemptions.

Issuer Risk

The value of a security may decline for a number of reasons that directly relate to the issuer or an entity providing credit support or liquidity support, such as management performance, financial leverage, and reduced demand for the issuer's goods, services or securities.

Larger Company Securities Risk

Securities of companies with larger market capitalizations may underperform securities of companies with smaller and mid-sized market capitalizations in certain economic environments. Larger, more established companies might be unable to react as quickly to new competitive challenges, such as changes in technology and consumer tastes. Some larger companies may be unable to grow at rates higher than the fastest growing smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion.

Leverage Risk

Certain transactions may give rise to a form of leverage. Such transactions may include, among others, reverse repurchase agreements, loans of portfolio securities, and the use of when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment transactions. Certain derivatives may also create leverage. The use of leverage may cause a Fund to liquidate portfolio positions when it may not be advantageous to do so. Leveraging, including borrowing, may cause a Fund to be more volatile than if the Fund had not been leveraged. This is because leverage tends to increase a Fund's exposure to market risk, interest rate risk or other risks by, in effect, increasing assets available for investment.

Liquidity Risk

A security may not be able to be sold at the time desired or without adversely affecting the price.

Management Risk

Investment decisions made by a Fund's adviser in seeking to achieve the Fund's investment objective may not produce the returns expected by the adviser, may cause the securities held by the Fund and, in turn, the Fund's shares to lose value or may cause the Fund to underperform other funds with similar investment objectives.

Market Risk

The market price of securities owned by a Fund may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. Securities may decline in value or become illiquid due to factors affecting securities markets generally or particular industries represented in the securities markets, such as labor shortages or increased production costs and competitive conditions within an industry. A security may decline in value or become illiquid due to general market conditions which are not specifically related to a particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic conditions, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates, or adverse investor sentiment generally. During a general downturn in the securities markets, multiple asset classes may decline in value or become illiquid simultaneously. Equity securities generally have greater price volatility than debt securities.

Regulatory Risk

Changes in government regulations may adversely affect the value of a security. An insufficiently regulated industry or market might also permit inappropriate practices that adversely affect an investment.

Smaller Company Securities Risk

Securities of companies with smaller market capitalizations tend to be more volatile and less liquid than larger company stocks. Smaller companies may have no or relatively short operating histories, or be newly public companies. Some of these companies have aggressive capital structures, including high debt levels, or are involved in rapidly growing or changing industries and/or new technologies, which pose additional risks.

Value Style Investment Risk

Value stocks can perform differently from the market as a whole and from other types of stocks. Value stocks may be purchased based upon the belief that a given security may be out of favor. Value investing seeks to identify stocks that have depressed valuations, based upon a number of factors which are thought to be temporary in nature, and to sell them at superior profits when their prices rise in response to resolution of the issues which caused the valuation of the stock to be depressed. While certain value stocks may increase in value more quickly during periods of anticipated economic upturn, they may also lose value more quickly in periods of anticipated economic downturn. Furthermore, there is the risk that the factors which caused the depressed valuations are longer term or even permanent in nature, and that there will not be any rise in valuation. Finally, there is the increased risk in such situations that such companies may not have sufficient resources to continue as ongoing businesses, which would result in the stock of such companies potentially becoming worthless.

Portfolio Holdings Information

A description of the *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds'* policies and procedures with respect to disclosure of the *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds'* portfolio holdings is available in the Funds' Statement of Additional Information. In addition, Funds Management will, from time to time, include portfolio holdings information in periodic commentaries for certain Funds. The substance of the information contained in such commentaries will also be posted to the Funds' Web site at wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com.

Organization and Management of the Funds

About Wells Fargo Funds Trust

The Trust was organized as a Delaware statutory trust on March 10, 1999. The Board of Trustees of the Trust ("Board") supervises each Fund's activities, monitors its contractual arrangements with various service providers and decides on matters of general policy.

The Board supervises the Funds and approves the selection of various companies hired to manage the Funds' operations. Except for the Funds' advisers, which generally may be changed only with shareholder approval, other service providers may be changed by the Board without shareholder approval.

The Adviser

Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC ("Funds Management"), headquartered at 525 Market Street, San Francisco, CA 94105, serves as adviser for the Funds. Funds Management is a wholly owned subsidiary of Wells Fargo & Company, a publicly traded diversified financial services company that provides banking, insurance, investment, mortgage and consumer financial services. Funds Management is a registered investment adviser that provides investment advisory services for registered mutual funds, closed-end funds and other funds and accounts.

As adviser, Funds Management is responsible for implementing the investment objectives and strategies of the Funds. To assist Funds Management in performing these responsibilities, Funds Management has contracted with one or more subadvisers to provide day-to-day portfolio management services to the Funds. Funds Management employs a team of investment professionals who identify and recommend the initial hiring of each Fund's sub-adviser(s) and supervise and monitor the activities of the sub-adviser(s) on an ongoing basis. Funds Management retains overall responsibility for the management of the Funds.

Funds Management's investment professionals review and analyze each Fund's performance, including relative to peer funds, and monitor each Fund's compliance with its investment objective and strategies. Funds Management is responsible for reporting to the Board on investment performance and other matters affecting the Funds. When appropriate, Funds Management recommends to the Board enhancements to Fund features, including changes to Fund investment objectives, strategies and policies. Funds Management also communicates with shareholders and intermediaries about Fund performance and features.

For providing these advisory services, Funds Management is entitled to receive the fees disclosed in the row captioned "Management Fees" in each Fund's table of Annual Fund Operating Expenses. Funds Management compensates each sub-adviser from the fees Funds Management receives for its services as adviser to the Funds. A discussion regarding the basis for the Board's approval of the advisory and sub-advisory agreements for the Funds is available in those Funds' respective annual reports for the twelve-month period ended May 31st.

For the Funds' most recent fiscal year end, the advisory fee paid to Funds Management, net of any applicable waivers and reimbursements, was as follows:

Advisory Fees Paid as % of Net Assets

	As a % of average daily net assets
Wells Fargo Advantage C&B Large Cap Value Fund ¹	0.65%
Wells Fargo Advantage Emerging Growth Fund ¹	0.79%
Wells Fargo Advantage Index Fund ¹	0.08%

1. Funds Management does not receive any compensation from the Fund as long as the Fund continues to invest, as it does today, substantially all of its assets in a single master portfolio. The fees shown are charged by Funds Management for providing investment advisory services to the master portfolio in which the Fund invests substantially all of its assets.

The Sub-Advisers and Portfolio Managers

The following sub-advisers and portfolio managers provide day-to-day portfolio management services to the Funds. These services include making purchases and sales of securities and other investment assets for the Funds, selecting broker-dealers, negotiating brokerage commission rates and maintaining portfolio transaction records. Each sub-adviser is compensated for its services by Funds Management from the fees Funds Management receives for its services as investment adviser to the Funds and master portfolios. The Statement of Additional Information provides additional information about the portfolio managers' compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers and the portfolio managers' ownership of securities in the Funds. For information regarding the sub-advisers that perform day-to-day investment management activities for the master portfolios in which the Funds invest, see "The Sub-Advisers for the Master Portfolios" under the "Master/Gateway® Structure" section.

Cooke & Bieler, L.P. ("Cooke & Bieler"), a registered investment adviser located at 1700 Market Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103, serves as a sub-adviser and provides portfolio management services to one or more Funds. Cooke & Bieler provides investment management services to corporations, foundations, endowments, pension and profit sharing plans, trusts, estates and other institutions and individuals.

Daren C. Heitman, CFA C&B Large Cap Value Fund	Mr. Heitman joined Cooke & Bieler in 2005, where he currently serves as a Partner, Portfolio Manager and Research Analyst.
Steve Lyons, CFA C&B Large Cap Value Fund	Mr. Lyons joined Cooke & Bieler in 2006, where he currently serves as a Partner, Portfolio Manager and Research Analyst.
Michael M. Meyer, CFA C&B Large Cap Value Fund	Mr. Meyer joined Cooke & Bieler in 1993, and currently serves as a Partner, Portfolio Manager and Research Analyst.
Edward W. O'Connor, CFA C&B Large Cap Value Fund	Mr. O'Connor joined Cooke & Bieler in 2002, where he currently serves as a Partner, Portfolio Manager and Research Analyst.
R. James O'Neil, CFA C&B Large Cap Value Fund	Mr. O'Neil joined Cooke & Bieler in 1988, and currently serves as a Partner, Portfolio Manager and Research Analyst.
Mehul Trivedi, CFA C&B Large Cap Value Fund	Mr. Trivedi joined Cooke & Bieler in 1998, and currently serves as a Partner, Portfolio Manager and Research Analyst.
William Weber, CFA C&B Large Cap Value Fund	Mr. Weber rejoined Cooke & Bieler in 2010, where he currently serves as a Principal, Portfolio Manager and Research Analyst. Prior to Business School, Mr. Weber served as an Associate Analyst with Cooke & Beiler.

Golden Capital Management, LLC ("Golden Capital"), a registered investment adviser located at 5 Resource Square, Suite 400, 10715 David Taylor Drive, Charlotte, NC 28262, serves as a sub-adviser and provides portfolio management services to one or more Funds. Golden Capital (originally Golden Capital Management, a division of Smith Asset Management Group) was founded in 1999 by Greg W. Golden, currently President, CEO and member of the investment team, and Jeffrey Moser, currently Chief Operating Officer and member of the investment team.

Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. ("Wells Fargo Bank"), an affiliate of Funds Management, a wholly owned subsidiary of Wells Fargo & Company, owns a 65% majority stake interest in Golden Capital. Per agreement, another affiliate of Funds Management has the ability, through subsequent transactions, to acquire additional ownership in Golden Capital in stages over a period of time up until December 31, 2016, at which time Golden Capital could become indirectly wholly owned by Wells Fargo & Company. If and to the extent exemptive relief or guidance is available from the SEC or its staff, shareholder approval would not be sought for these subsequent transactions. For additional information about Wells Fargo Bank's ownership interest in Golden Capital, please see the section entitled "Sub-Advisers" in the Statement of Additional Information.

John R. Campbell, CFA Index Fund	Mr. Campbell joined Golden Capital in 2006, where he currently serves as a Portfolio Manager and Analyst.
Justin Carr, CFA Index Fund	Mr. Carr joined Golden Capital in 2011, where he currently serves as a Portfolio Manager and Analyst. Prior to joining Golden Capital, he served as an equity portfolio analyst at Wells Capital Management.
David Neal, CFA Index Fund	Mr. Neal joined Golden Capital in 2006, where he currently serves as a Portfolio Manager and Analyst.

Wells Capital Management Incorporated ("Wells Capital Management"), a registered investment adviser located at 525 Market Street, San Francisco, CA 94105, serves as a sub-adviser and provides portfolio management services to one or more Funds. Wells Capital Management, an affiliate of Funds Management and indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Wells

Fargo & Company, is a multi-boutique asset management firm committed to delivering superior investment services to institutional clients.

Thomas C. Ognar, CFA Emerging Growth Fund	Mr. Ognar joined Wells Capital Management or one of its predecessor firms in 1998, where he currently serves as a Portfolio Manager.
Joseph M. Eberhardy, CFA, CPA Emerging Growth Fund	Mr. Eberhardy joined Wells Capital Management or one of its predecessor firms in 1994, where he currently serves as a Portfolio Manager.
Bruce C. Olson, CFA Emerging Growth Fund	Mr. Olson joined Wells Capital Management or one of its predecessor firms in 1994, where he currently serves as a Portfolio Manager.

Dormant Investment Advisory Arrangement

Under the investment advisory contract for the Funds, Funds Management does not receive any compensation from a Fund as long as the Fund continues to invest, as it does today, substantially all of its assets in a single master portfolio. Under this structure, Funds Management receives only an advisory fee from the master portfolio. If a Fund were to change its investment structure so that it begins to invest substantially all of its assets in two or more master portfolios, Funds Management would be entitled to receive an annual fee of 0.25% of each Fund's average daily net assets for providing investment advisory services to the Fund, including the determination of the asset allocations of the Fund's investments in the various master portfolios.

Dormant Multi-Manager Arrangement

The Board has adopted a "multi-manager" arrangement for the Funds. Under this arrangement, each Fund and Funds Management may engage one or more sub-advisers to make day-to-day investment decisions for the Fund's assets. Funds Management would retain ultimate responsibility (subject to the oversight of the Board) for overseeing the sub-advisers and may, at times, recommend to the Board that the Fund: (1) change, add or terminate one or more sub-advisers; (2) continue to retain a sub-adviser even though the sub-adviser's ownership or corporate structure has changed; or (3) materially change a sub-advisory agreement with a sub-adviser.

Applicable law generally requires a Fund to obtain shareholder approval for most of these types of recommendations, even if the Board approves the proposed action. Under the "multi-manager" arrangement approved by the Board, the Fund is seeking exemptive relief from the SEC to permit Funds Management (subject to the Board's oversight and approval) to make decisions about the Fund's sub-advisory arrangements without obtaining shareholder approval. There is no guarantee the SEC will grant such exemptive relief. The Fund will continue to submit matters to shareholders for their approval to the extent required by applicable law.

Compensation to Dealers and Shareholder Servicing Agents

Shareholder Servicing Plan

The Funds have a shareholder servicing plan. Under this plan, each Fund has agreements with various shareholder servicing agents to process purchase and redemption requests, to service shareholder accounts, and to provide other related services for each Class of the Fund. For these services, each Class pays an annual fee of up to 0.25% of its average daily net assets.

Additional Payments to Dealers

In addition to dealer reallowances and payments made by each Fund for distribution and shareholder servicing, the Fund's adviser, the distributor or their affiliates make additional payments ("Additional Payments") to certain selling or shareholder servicing agents for the Fund, which include broker-dealers and 401(k) service providers and recordkeepers. These Additional Payments are made in connection with the sale and distribution of shares of the Fund or for services to the Fund and its shareholders. These Additional Payments, which may be significant, are paid by the Fund's adviser, the distributor or their affiliates, out of their revenues, which generally come directly or indirectly from fees paid by the entire Fund complex.

In return for these Additional Payments, the Funds' adviser and distributor expect the Funds to receive certain marketing or servicing advantages that are not generally available to mutual funds that do not make such payments. Such advantages are expected to include, without limitation, placement of the Fund on a list of mutual funds offered as investment options to the selling agent's clients (sometimes referred to as "Shelf Space"); access to the selling agent's registered representatives; and/or ability to assist in training and educating the selling agent's registered representatives.

Certain selling or shareholder servicing agents receive these Additional Payments to supplement amounts payable by the Fund under the shareholder servicing plans. In exchange, these agents provide services including, but not limited to, establishing and maintaining accounts and records; answering inquiries regarding purchases, exchanges and redemptions; processing and verifying purchase, redemption and exchange transactions; furnishing account statements and confirmations of transactions; processing and mailing monthly statements, prospectuses, shareholder reports and other SEC-required communications; and providing the types of services that might typically be provided by each Fund's transfer agent (e.g., the maintenance of omnibus or omnibus-like accounts, the use of the National Securities Clearing Corporation for the transmission of transaction information and the transmission of shareholder mailings).

The Additional Payments may create potential conflicts of interest between an investor and a selling agent who is recommending a particular mutual fund over other mutual funds. Before investing, you should consult with your financial consultant and review carefully any disclosure by the selling agent as to what monies they receive from mutual fund advisers and distributors, as well as how your financial consultant is compensated.

The Additional Payments are typically paid in fixed dollar amounts, or based on the number of customer accounts maintained by the selling or shareholder servicing agent, or based on a percentage of sales and/or assets under management, or a combination of the above. The Additional Payments are either up-front or ongoing or both. The Additional Payments differ among selling and shareholder servicing agents. Additional Payments to a selling agent that is compensated based on its customers' assets typically range between 0.05% and 0.30% in a given year of assets invested in the Fund by the selling agent's customers. Additional Payments to a selling agent that is compensated based on a percentage of sales typically range between 0.10% and 0.15% of the gross sales of the Fund attributable to the selling agent. In addition, representatives of the Funds' distributor visit selling agents on a regular basis to educate their registered representatives and to encourage the sale of Fund shares. The costs associated with such visits may be paid for by the Fund's adviser, distributor, or their affiliates, subject to applicable FINRA regulations.

More information on the FINRA member firms that have received the Additional Payments described in this section is available in the Statement of Additional Information, which is on file with the SEC and is also available on the *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds* website at wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com.

Pricing Fund Shares

The share price ("net asset value per share" or "NAV") for a Fund is calculated each business day as of the close of trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") (generally 4 p.m. ET). To calculate a Fund's NAV, the Fund's assets are valued and totaled, liabilities are subtracted, and the balance, called net assets, is divided by the number of shares outstanding. The price at which a purchase or redemption of Fund shares is effected is based on the next calculation of NAV after the order is placed. The Fund does not calculate its NAV on days the NYSE is closed for trading, which include New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Washington's Birthday, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day.

With respect to any portion of a Fund's assets that may be invested in other mutual funds, the Fund's NAV is calculated based upon the net asset values of the other mutual funds in which the Fund invests, and the prospectuses for those companies explain the circumstances under which those companies will use fair value pricing and the effects of using fair value pricing.

With respect to any portion of a Fund's assets invested directly in securities, the Fund's investments are generally valued at current market prices. Securities are generally valued based on the last sale price during the regular trading session if the security trades on an exchange (closing price). Securities that are not traded primarily on an exchange generally are valued using latest quoted bid prices obtained by an independent pricing service. Securities listed on the Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc., however, are valued at the Nasdaq Official Closing Price ("NOCP"), and if no NOCP is available, then at the last reported sales price.

We are required to depart from these general valuation methods and use fair value pricing methods to determine the values of certain investments if we believe that the closing price or the latest quoted bid price of a security, including securities that trade primarily on a foreign exchange, does not accurately reflect its current value when the Fund calculates its NAV. In addition, we use fair value pricing to determine the value of investments in securities and other assets, including illiquid securities, for which current market quotations are not readily available. The closing price or the latest quoted bid price of a security may not reflect its current value if, among other things, a significant event occurs after the closing price or latest quoted bid price but before a Fund calculates its NAV that materially affects the value of the security. We use various criteria, including a systematic evaluation of U.S. market moves after the close of foreign markets, in deciding whether a foreign security's market price is still reliable and, if not, what fair market value to assign to the security.

In light of the judgment involved in fair value decisions, there can be no assurance that a fair value assigned to a particular security is accurate or that it reflects the price that the Fund could obtain for such security if it were to sell the security as of the time of fair value pricing. Such fair value pricing may result in NAVs that are higher or lower than NAVs based on the closing price or latest quoted bid price. See the Statement of Additional Information for additional details regarding the pricing of Fund shares.

How to Open an Account

You can open a *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds* account through any of the following means:

- directly with the Fund. Complete a *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds* application, which you may obtain by visiting our Web site at wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com or by calling Investor Services at 1-800-222-8222. Be sure to indicate the Fund name and the share class into which you intend to invest when completing the application;
- through a brokerage account with an approved selling agent; or
- through certain retirement, benefit and pension plans or certain packaged investment products. (Please contact the providers of the plan or product for instructions.)

How to Buy Shares

This section explains how you can buy shares directly from *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds*. If you're opening a new account, an account application is available on-line at wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com or by calling Investor Services at 1-800-222-8222. For Fund shares held through brokerage and other types of accounts, please consult your selling agent.

Minimum Investments	Initial Purchase	Subsequent Purchases
Regular accounts IRAs, IRA rollovers, Roth IRAs UGMA/UTMA accounts Employer Sponsored Retirement Plans	\$2,500 \$1,000 \$1,000 No minimum	\$100 \$100 \$50 No minimum
Buying Shares	Opening an Account	Adding to an Account
By Internet	You may open an account online and fund your account with an Electronic Funds Transfer from your bank account, by Federal Wire, or by sending us a check. Initial investments made on line are limited to \$25,000. Visit wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To buy additional shares or buy shares of a new Fund, visit wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com. Subsequent online purchases have a minimum of \$100 and a maximum of \$100,000. You may be eligible for an exception to this maximum. Please call Investor Services at 1-800-222-8222 for more information.
By Mail	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Complete and sign your account application. Mail the application with your check made payable to the Fund to Investor Services at: <p>Regular Mail <i>Wells Fargo Advantage Funds</i> P.O. Box 8266 Boston, MA 02266-8266</p> <p>Overnight Only <i>Wells Fargo Advantage Funds</i> c/o Boston Financial Data Services 30 Dan Road Canton, MA 02021-2809</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enclose a voided check (for checking accounts) or a deposit slip (savings accounts). Alternatively, include a note with your name, the Fund name, and your account number. Mail the deposit slip or note with your check made payable to the Fund to the address on the left.
By Telephone	A new account may not be opened by telephone unless you have another Wells Fargo Advantage Fund account with your bank information on file. If you do not currently have an account, refer to the section on buying shares by mail or wire.	To buy additional shares or to buy shares of a new Fund call: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Investor Services at 1-800-222-8222 or 1-800-368-7550 for the automated phone system.
By Wire	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Complete, sign and mail your account application (refer to the section on buying shares by mail) Provide the following instructions to your financial institution: <p>Receiving bank: State Street Bank & Trust Company, Boston, MA Bank ABA/routing number: 011000028 Bank account number: 9905-437-1 For credit to: <i>Wells Fargo Advantage Funds</i> For further credit to: [Your name (as registered on your fund account) and your fund and account number]</p>	To buy additional shares, instruct your bank or financial institution to use the same wire instructions shown to the left.
Through Your Investment Representative	Contact your investment representative.	Contact your investment representative.

General Notes for Buying Shares

- **Proper Form.** If the transfer agent receives your new account application or purchase request in proper form before the close of the NYSE, your transaction will be priced at that day's NAV. If your new account application or purchase request is received in proper form after the close of trading on the NYSE, your transaction will be priced at the next business day's NAV. If your new account application or purchase request is not in proper form, additional documentation may be required to process your transaction.
- **Earning Distributions.** You are eligible to earn distributions beginning on the business day after the transfer agent receives your purchase in proper form.
- **U.S. Dollars Only.** All payments must be made in U.S. dollars and all checks must be drawn on U.S. banks.
- **Insufficient Funds.** You will be charged a \$25.00 fee for every check or Electronic Funds Transfer that is returned to us as unpaid.
- **No Fund Named.** When all or a portion of a payment is received for investment without a clear Fund designation, we may direct the undesignated portion or the entire amount, as applicable, into the Wells Fargo Advantage Money Market Fund. We will treat your inaction as approval of this purchase until you later direct us to sell or exchange these shares of the Money Market Fund, at the next NAV calculated after we receive your order in proper form.
- **Right to Refuse an Order.** We reserve the right to refuse or cancel a purchase or exchange order for any reason, including if we believe that doing so would be in the best interests of a Fund and its shareholders.
- **Minimum Initial and Subsequent Investment Waivers.** We allow a reduced minimum initial investment of \$100 if you sign up for at least a \$100 monthly automatic investment purchase plan. If you opened your account with the set minimum amount shown in the above chart, we allow reduced subsequent purchases for a minimum of \$50 a month if you purchase through an automatic investment plan. We may also waive or reduce the minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts for purchases made through certain retirement, benefit and pension plans, certain packaged investment products, or for certain classes of shareholders as permitted by the SEC. Check specific disclosure statements and applications for the program through which you intend to invest.
- **Other Share Classes.** You may be eligible to invest in one or more classes of shares offered by a Fund. Each of the Fund's share classes bears varying expenses and may differ in other features. Consult your financial intermediary for more information regarding the Fund's available share classes.

The information provided in this Prospectus is not intended for distribution to, or use by, any person or entity in any non-U.S. jurisdiction or country where such distribution or use would be contrary to law or regulation, or which would subject Fund shares to any registration requirement within such jurisdiction or country.

The Funds are distributed by Wells Fargo Funds Distributor, LLC, a member of FINRA/SIPC, and an affiliate of Wells Fargo & Company. Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") information and brochure are available at SIPC.org or by calling SIPC at (202) 371-8300.

How to Sell Shares

The following section explains how you can sell shares held directly through an account with *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds*. For Fund shares held through brokerage or other types of accounts, please consult your selling agent.

Selling Shares	To Sell Some or All of Your Shares
By Internet	Visit our Web site at wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com . Redemptions requested online are limited to a maximum of \$100,000. You may be eligible for an exception to this maximum. Please call Investor Services at 1-800-222-8222 for more information.
By Mail	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Send a Letter of Instruction providing your name, account number, the Fund from which you wish to redeem and the dollar amount you wish to receive (or write "Full Redemption" to redeem your remaining account balance) to the address below. ■ Make sure all account owners sign the request exactly as their names appear on the account application. ■ A Medallion guarantee may be required under certain circumstances (see "General Notes for Selling Shares"). <p>Regular Mail <i>Wells Fargo Advantage Funds</i> P.O. Box 8266 Boston, MA 02266-8266</p> <p>Overnight Only <i>Wells Fargo Advantage Funds</i> c/o Boston Financial Data Services 30 Dan Road Canton, MA 02021-2809</p>
By Wire	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ To arrange for a Federal Funds wire, call 1-800-222-8222. ■ Be prepared to provide information on the commercial bank that is a member of the Federal Reserve wire system. ■ Wire requests are sent to your bank account next business day if your request to redeem is received before the NYSE close. ■ There is a \$10 fee for each request.
By Telephone / Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Call an Investor Services representative at 1-800-222-8222 or use the automated phone system 1-800-368-7550. ■ Telephone privileges are automatically made available to you unless you specifically decline them on your account application or subsequently in writing. ■ Redemption requests may not be made by phone if the address on your account was changed in the last 15 days. In this event, you must request your redemption by mail (refer to the section on selling shares by mail). ■ A check will be mailed to the address on record (if there have been no changes communicated to us within the last 15 days) or transferred to a linked bank account. ■ Transfers made to a Wells Fargo Bank account are made available sooner than transfers to an unaffiliated institution. ■ Redemptions processed by EFT to a linked Wells Fargo Bank account occur same day for Wells Fargo Advantage money market funds, and next day for all other <i>Wells Fargo Advantage Funds</i>. ■ Redemptions to any other linked bank account may post in two business days. Please check with your financial institution for timing of posting and availability of funds. <p>Note: Telephone transactions such as redemption requests made over the phone generally require only one of the account owners to call unless you have instructed us otherwise.</p>
Through Your Investment Representative	Contact your investment representative.

General Notes For Selling Shares

- **Proper Form.** If the transfer agent receives your request to sell shares in proper form before the close of the NYSE, your transaction will be priced at that day's NAV. If your request to sell shares is received in proper form after the close of trading on the NYSE, it will be priced at the next business day's NAV. If your request is not in proper form, additional documentation may be required to sell your shares.
- **Form of Redemption Proceeds.** You may request that your redemption proceeds be sent to you by check, by Electronic Funds Transfer into a bank account, or by wire. Please call Investor Services regarding requirements for linking bank accounts or for wiring funds. Although generally we pay redemption requests in cash, we reserve the right to determine in our sole discretion, whether to satisfy redemption requests by making payment in securities (known as a redemption in kind). In such case, we may pay all or part of the redemption in securities of equal value as permitted under the 1940 Act, and the rules thereunder. The redeeming shareholder should expect to incur transaction costs upon the disposition of the securities received.
- **Earning Distributions.** Your shares are eligible to earn distributions through the date of redemption. If you redeem shares on a Friday or prior to a holiday, your shares will continue to be eligible to earn distributions until the next business day.
- **Wire Fees.** Typically, there is a \$10 fee for wiring funds, however we reserve the right to waive any such fee for shareholders with account balances in excess of \$100,000. Please contact your bank to find out about any charges they may assess for an incoming wire transfer.
- **Telephone/Internet Redemptions.** We will take reasonable steps to confirm that telephone and internet instructions are genuine. For example, we require proof of your identification, such as a Taxpayer Identification Number or username and password, before we will act on instructions received by telephone or the internet. We will not be liable for any losses incurred if we follow telephone or internet instructions we reasonably believe to be genuine. Your call may be recorded.
- **Right to Delay Payment.** We normally will send out checks within one business day, and in any event no more than seven days, after we accept your request to redeem. If you redeem shares recently purchased by check or through EFT or the Automatic Investment Plan, you may be required to wait up to seven business days before we will send your redemption proceeds. Our ability to determine with reasonable certainty that investments have been finally collected is greater for investments coming from accounts with banks affiliated with Funds Management than it is for investments coming from accounts with unaffiliated banks. Redemption payments also may be delayed under extraordinary circumstances or as permitted by the SEC in order to protect remaining shareholders. Such extraordinary circumstances are discussed further in the Statement of Additional Information.
- **Retirement Plans and Other Products.** If you purchased shares through a packaged investment product or retirement plan, read the directions for selling shares provided by the product or plan. There may be special requirements that supercede the directions in this Prospectus.
- **Medallion Guarantees.** Medallion guarantees are **only** required for mailed redemption requests under the following circumstances: (1) if the address on your account was changed within the last 15 days; (2) if the amount of the redemption exceeds \$100,000 and includes bank account information that is not currently on file with *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds* or if all of the owners of your Wells Fargo Advantage Fund account are not included in the registration of the bank account provided; or (3) if the redemption is made payable to a third party. You can get a Medallion guarantee at a financial institution such as a bank or brokerage house. We do not accept notarized signatures.

How to Exchange Shares

Exchanges between *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds* involve two transactions: (1) a sale of shares of one Fund; and (2) the purchase of shares of another. In general, the same rules and procedures that apply to sales and purchases apply to exchanges. There are, however, additional factors you should keep in mind while making or considering an exchange:

- In general, exchanges may be made between like share classes of any Wells Fargo Advantage Fund offered to the general public for investment (i.e., a Fund not closed to new accounts), with the following exception: Class A shares of non-money market funds may also be exchanged for Service Class shares of any money market fund.
- Same-fund exchanges between share classes are permitted subject to the following conditions: (1) exchanges out of Class A and Class C shares would not be allowed if shares are subject to a CDSC; (2) for exchanges into Class A shares, the shareholder must meet all qualifications to purchase Class A shares at net asset value based on current prospectus guidelines; and (3) the shareholder must meet the eligibility guidelines of the class being purchased in the exchange.
- An exchange request will be processed on the same business day, provided that both Funds are open at the time the request is received. If one or both Funds are closed, the exchange will be processed on the following business day.
- You should carefully read the prospectus for the Wells Fargo Advantage Fund into which you wish to exchange.
- Every exchange involves selling Fund shares, which may produce a capital gain or loss for tax purposes.
- If you are making an initial investment into a Fund through an exchange, you must exchange at least the minimum initial purchase amount for the new Fund, unless your balance has fallen below that amount due to investment performance.
- Any exchange between two *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds* must meet the minimum subsequent purchase amounts.
- Class B and Class C share exchanges will not trigger the CDSC. The new shares will continue to age according to their original schedule and will be charged the CDSC applicable to the original shares upon redemption.

Generally, we will notify you at least 60 days in advance of any changes in our exchange policy.

Frequent Purchases and Redemptions of Fund Shares

Wells Fargo Advantage Funds reserves the right to reject any purchase or exchange order for any reason. Purchases or exchanges that a Fund determines could harm the Fund may be rejected.

Excessive trading by Fund shareholders can negatively impact a Fund and its long-term shareholders in several ways, including disrupting Fund investment strategies, increasing transaction costs, decreasing tax efficiency, and diluting the value of shares held by long-term shareholders. Excessive trading in Fund shares can negatively impact a Fund's long-term performance by requiring it to maintain more assets in cash or to liquidate portfolio holdings at a disadvantageous time. Certain Funds may be more susceptible than others to these negative effects. For example, Funds that have a greater percentage of their investments in non-U.S. securities may be more susceptible than other Funds to arbitrage opportunities resulting from pricing variations due to time zone differences across international financial markets. Similarly, Funds that have a greater percentage of their investments in small company securities may be more susceptible than other Funds to arbitrage opportunities due to the less liquid nature of small company securities. Both types of Funds also may incur higher transaction costs in liquidating portfolio holdings to meet excessive redemption levels. Fair value pricing may reduce these arbitrage opportunities, thereby reducing some of the negative effects of excessive trading.

Wells Fargo Advantage Funds, other than the Adjustable Rate Government Fund, Conservative Income Fund, Ultra Short-Term Income Fund and Ultra Short-Term Municipal Income Fund ("Ultra-Short Funds") and the money market funds, (the "Covered Funds"). The Covered Funds are not designed to serve as vehicles for frequent trading. The Covered Funds actively discourage and take steps to prevent the portfolio disruption and negative effects on long-term shareholders that can result from excessive trading activity by Covered Fund shareholders. The Board has approved the Covered Funds' policies and procedures, which provide, among other things, that Funds Management may deem trading activity to be excessive if it determines that such trading activity would likely be disruptive to a Covered Fund by increasing expenses or lowering returns. In this regard, the Covered Funds take steps to avoid accommodating frequent purchases and redemptions of shares by Covered Fund shareholders. Funds Management monitors available shareholder trading information across all Covered Funds on a daily basis. If a shareholder redeems more than \$5,000 (including redemptions that are part of an exchange transaction) from a Covered Fund, that shareholder is "blocked" from purchasing shares of that Covered Fund (including purchases that are part of an exchange transaction) for 30 calendar days after the redemption. This policy does not apply to:

- Money market funds;
- Ultra-Short Funds;

- Dividend reinvestments;
- Systematic investments or exchanges where the financial intermediary maintaining the shareholder account identifies the transaction as a systematic redemption or purchase at the time of the transaction;
- Rebalancing transactions within certain asset allocation or "wrap" programs where the financial intermediary maintaining a shareholder account is able to identify the transaction as part of an asset allocation program approved by Funds Management;
- Transactions initiated by a "fund of funds" or Section 529 Plan into an underlying fund investment;
- Permitted exchanges between share classes of the same Fund;
- Certain transactions involving participants in employer-sponsored retirement plans, including: participant withdrawals due to mandatory distributions, rollovers and hardships, withdrawals of shares acquired by participants through payroll deductions, and shares acquired or sold by a participant in connection with plan loans; and
- Purchases below \$5,000 (including purchases that are part of an exchange transaction).

The money market funds and the Ultra-Short Funds. Because the money market funds and Ultra-Short Funds are often used for short-term investments, they are designed to accommodate more frequent purchases and redemptions than the Covered Funds. As a result, the money market funds and Ultra-Short Funds do not anticipate that frequent purchases and redemptions, under normal circumstances, will have significant adverse consequences to the money market funds or Ultra-Short Funds or their shareholders. Although the money market funds and Ultra-Short Funds do not prohibit frequent trading, Funds Management will seek to prevent an investor from utilizing the money market funds and Ultra-Short Funds to facilitate frequent purchases and redemptions of shares in the Covered Funds in contravention of the policies and procedures adopted by the Covered Funds.

All Wells Fargo Advantage Funds. In addition, Funds Management reserves the right to accept purchases, redemptions and exchanges made in excess of applicable trading restrictions in designated accounts held by Funds Management or its affiliate that are used at all times exclusively for addressing operational matters related to shareholder accounts, such as testing of account functions, and are maintained at low balances that do not exceed specified dollar amount limitations.

In the event that an asset allocation or "wrap" program is unable to implement the policy outlined above, Funds Management may grant a program-level exception to this policy. A financial intermediary relying on the exception is required to provide Funds Management with specific information regarding its program and ongoing information about its program upon request.

A financial intermediary through whom you may purchase shares of the Fund may independently attempt to identify excessive trading and take steps to deter such activity. As a result, a financial intermediary may on its own limit or permit trading activity of its customers who invest in Fund shares using standards different from the standards used by Funds Management and discussed in this Prospectus. Funds Management may permit a financial intermediary to enforce its own internal policies and procedures concerning frequent trading rather than the policies set forth above in instances where Funds Management reasonably believes that the intermediary's policies and procedures effectively discourage disruptive trading activity. If you purchase Fund shares through a financial intermediary, you should contact the intermediary for more information about whether and how restrictions or limitations on trading activity will be applied to your account.

Account Policies

Automatic Plans

These plans help you conveniently purchase and/or redeem shares each month. Once you select a plan, tell us the day of the month you would like the transaction to occur. If you do not specify a date, we will process the transaction on or about the 25th day of the month. Call Investor Services at 1-800-222-8222 for more information.

- **Automatic Investment Plan** —With this plan, you can regularly purchase shares of a *Wells Fargo Advantage Fund* with money automatically transferred from a linked bank account.
- **Automatic Exchange Plan** —With this plan, you can regularly exchange shares of a *Wells Fargo Advantage Fund* you own for shares of another *Wells Fargo Advantage Fund*. See the “How to Exchange Shares” section of this Prospectus for the conditions that apply to your shares. In addition, each transaction in an Automatic Exchange Plan must be for a minimum of \$100. This feature may not be available for certain types of accounts.
- **Systematic Withdrawal Plan** —With this plan, you can regularly redeem shares and receive the proceeds by check or by transfer to a linked bank account. To participate in this plan, you:
 - must have a Fund account valued at \$10,000 or more;
 - must request a minimum redemption of \$100;
 - must have your distributions reinvested; and
 - may not simultaneously participate in the Automatic Investment Plan, unless your account is a Money Market Fund or an Ultra Short-Term Bond Fund (Ultra Short-Term Income Fund or Ultra Short-Term Municipal Income Fund).
- **Payroll Direct Deposit** —With this plan, you may transfer all or a portion of your paycheck, social security check, military allotment, or annuity payment for investment into the Fund of your choice.

It generally takes about ten business days to establish a plan once we have received your instructions. It generally takes about five business days to change or cancel participation in a plan. We may automatically cancel your plan if the linked bank account you specified is closed, or for other reasons.

Householding

To help keep Fund expenses low, a single copy of a prospectus or shareholder report may be sent to shareholders of the same household. If your household currently receives a single copy of a prospectus or shareholder report and you would prefer to receive multiple copies, please contact your financial intermediary.

Retirement Accounts

We offer prototype documents for a variety of retirement accounts for individuals and small businesses. Please call 1-800-222-8222 for information on:

- Individual Retirement Plans, including Traditional IRAs and Roth IRAs.
- Qualified Retirement Plans, including Simple IRAs, SEP IRAs, Keoghs, Pension Plans, Profit-Sharing Plans, and 401(k) Plans.

There may be special distribution requirements for a retirement account, such as required distributions or mandatory Federal income tax withholdings. For more information, call the number listed above. You may be charged a \$10 annual account maintenance fee for each retirement account up to a maximum of \$30 annually and a \$25 fee for transferring assets to another custodian or for closing a retirement account. Fees charged by institutions may vary.

Small Account Redemptions

We reserve the right to redeem certain accounts that fall below the minimum initial investment amount as the result of shareholder redemptions (as opposed to market movement). Before doing so, we will give you approximately 60 days to bring your account above the minimum investment amount. Please call Investor Services at 1-800-222-8222 or contact your selling agent for further details.

Statements and Confirmations

Statements summarizing activity in your account are mailed quarterly. Confirmations are mailed following each purchase, sale, exchange, or transfer of Fund shares, except generally for Automatic Investment Plan transactions, Systematic Withdrawal Plan transactions using Electronic Funds Transfer, and purchases of new shares through the automatic reinvestment of distributions. Upon your request and for the applicable fee, you may obtain a reprint of an account statement. Please call Investor Services at 1-800-222-8222 for more information.

Electronic Delivery of Fund Documents

You may elect to receive your Fund prospectuses, shareholder reports and other Fund documents electronically in lieu of

paper form by enrolling on the Fund's Web site at wellsfargo.com/advantagedelivery. If you make this election, you will be notified by e-mail when the most recent Fund documents are available for electronic viewing and downloading.

To receive Fund documents electronically, you must have an e-mail account and an internet browser that meets the requirements described in the Privacy & Security section of the Fund's Web site at wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com. You may change your electronic delivery preferences or revoke your election to receive Fund documents electronically at any time by visiting wellsfargo.com/advantagedelivery.

Statement Inquiries

Contact us in writing regarding any errors or discrepancies noted on your account statement within 60 days after the date of the statement confirming a transaction. We may deny your ability to refute a transaction if we do not hear from you within those 60 days.

Transaction Authorizations

Telephone, electronic, and clearing agency privileges allow us to accept transaction instructions by anyone representing themselves as the shareholder and who provides reasonable confirmation of their identity. Neither we nor *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds* will be liable for any losses incurred if we follow such instructions we reasonably believe to be genuine. For transactions through the automated phone system and our Web site, we will assign personal identification numbers (PINs) and/or passwords to help protect your account information. To safeguard your account, please keep your PINs and passwords confidential. Contact us immediately if you believe there is a discrepancy on your confirmation statement or if you believe someone has obtained unauthorized access to your account, PIN or password.

USA PATRIOT Act

In compliance with the USA PATRIOT Act, all financial institutions (including mutual funds) at the time an account is opened, are required to obtain, verify and record the following information for all registered owners or others who may be authorized to act on the account: full name, date of birth, taxpayer identification number (usually your Social Security Number), and permanent street address. Corporate, trust and other entity accounts require additional documentation. This information will be used to verify your identity. We will return your application if any of this information is missing, and we may request additional information from you for verification purposes. In the rare event that we are unable to verify your identity, we reserve the right to redeem your account at the current day's NAV. You will be responsible for any losses, taxes, expenses, fees, or other results of such a redemption.

Distributions

The Funds generally make distributions of any net investment income and any realized net capital gains at least annually. Please note, distributions have the effect of reducing the NAV per share by the amount distributed.

We offer the following distribution options. To change your current option for payment of distributions, please call 1-800-222-8222.

- **Automatic Reinvestment Option**—Allows you to buy new shares of the same class of the Fund that generated the distributions. The new shares are purchased at NAV generally on the day the distribution is paid. This option is automatically assigned to your account unless you specify another option.
- **Check Payment Option**—Allows you to have checks for distributions mailed to your address of record or to another name and address which you have specified in written instructions. A Medallion guarantee may also be required. If checks remain uncashed for six months or are undeliverable by the Post Office, we will reinvest the distributions at the earliest date possible, and future distributions will be automatically reinvested.
- **Bank Account Payment Option**—Allows you to receive distributions directly in a checking or savings account through Electronic Funds Transfer. The bank account must be linked to your Wells Fargo Advantage Fund account. Any distribution returned to us due to an invalid banking instruction will be sent to your address of record by check at the earliest date possible, and future distributions will be automatically reinvested.
- **Directed Distribution Purchase Option**—Allows you to buy shares of a different Wells Fargo Advantage Fund of the same share class. The new shares are purchased at NAV generally on the day the distribution is paid. In order to establish this option, you need to identify the Fund and account the distributions are coming from, and the Fund and account to which the distributions are being directed. You must meet any required minimum purchases in both Funds prior to establishing this option.

Taxes

The following discussion regarding federal income taxes is based on laws that were in effect as of the date of this Prospectus and summarizes only some of the important federal income tax considerations affecting a Fund and you as a shareholder. It does not apply to foreign or tax-exempt shareholders or those holding Fund shares through a tax-advantaged account, such as a 401(k) Plan or IRA. This discussion is not intended as a substitute for careful tax planning. You should consult your tax adviser about your specific tax situation. Please see the Statement of Additional Information for additional federal income tax information.

We will pass on to a Fund's shareholders substantially all of the Fund's net investment income and realized net capital gains, if any. Distributions from a Fund's ordinary income and net short-term capital gain, if any, generally will be taxable to you as ordinary income. Distributions from a Fund's net long-term capital gain, if any, generally will be taxable to you as long-term capital gain.

Corporate shareholders may be able to deduct a portion of their distributions when determining their taxable income.

The American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 extended certain tax rates except those that applied to individual taxpayers with taxable incomes above \$400,000 (\$450,000 for married taxpayers, \$425,000 for heads of households). Taxpayers that are not in the new highest tax bracket continue to be subject to a maximum 15% rate of tax on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends. For taxpayers in the new highest tax bracket, the maximum tax rate on long-term capital gains and qualified dividends will be 20%. Beginning in 2013, U.S. individuals with income exceeding \$200,000 (\$250,000 if married and filing jointly), a new 3.8% Medicare contribution tax will apply on "net investment income," including interest, dividends, and capital gains.

Distributions from a Fund normally will be taxable to you when paid, whether you take distributions in cash or automatically reinvest them in additional Fund shares. Following the end of each year, we will notify you of the federal income tax status of your distributions for the year.

If you buy shares of a Fund shortly before it makes a taxable distribution, your distribution will, in effect, be a taxable return of part of your investment. Similarly, if you buy shares of a Fund when it holds appreciated securities, you will receive a taxable return of part of your investment if and when the Fund sells the appreciated securities and distributes the gain. The Fund has built up, or has the potential to build up, high levels of unrealized appreciation.

Your redemptions (including redemptions in-kind) and exchanges of Fund shares ordinarily will result in a taxable capital gain or loss, depending on the amount you receive for your shares (or are deemed to receive in the case of exchanges) and the amount you paid (or are deemed to have paid) for them. Such capital gain or loss generally will be long-term capital gain or loss if you have held your redeemed or exchanged Fund shares for more than one year at the time of redemption or exchange. In certain circumstances, losses realized on the redemption or exchange of Fund shares may be disallowed.

In certain circumstances, Fund shareholders may be subject to backup withholding taxes.

Master/Gateway® Structure

Each Fund is a gateway fund in a Master/Gateway structure. This structure is more commonly known as a master/feeder structure. In this structure, a gateway or feeder fund invests substantially all of its assets in one or more master portfolios of Wells Fargo Master Trust or other stand-alone funds of Wells Fargo Advantage Funds whose objectives and investment strategies are consistent with the gateway fund's investment objective and strategies. Through this structure, a gateway fund can enhance its investment opportunities and reduce its expenses by sharing the costs and benefits of a larger pool of assets. Master portfolios offer their shares to multiple gateway funds and other master portfolios rather than directly to the public. Certain administrative and other fees and expenses are charged to both the gateway fund and the master portfolio(s). The services provided and fees charged to a gateway fund are in addition to and not duplicative of the services provided and fees charged to the master portfolios. Fees relating to investments in other stand-alone funds are waived to the extent that they are duplicative, or would exceed certain defined limits.

Description of Master Portfolios

The following table lists the master portfolio(s) in which the Funds invest. Each Portfolio's investment objective is provided followed by a description of the Portfolio's investment strategies.

Master Portfolio	Investment Objective and Principal Investment Strategies
C&B Large Cap Value Portfolio	<p>Investment Objective: The Portfolio seeks maximum long-term total return (current income and capital appreciation), consistent with minimizing risk to principal.</p> <p>Principal Investment Strategies: Under normal circumstances, we invest:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ at least 80% of the Portfolio's net assets in equity securities of large-capitalization companies. <p>We invest principally in equity securities of large-capitalization companies, which we define as companies with market capitalizations within the range of the Russell 1000® Index. The market capitalization range of the Russell 1000® Index was approximately \$838.4 million to \$442.6 billion, as of August 30, 2013, and is expected to change frequently. We manage a relatively focused portfolio of 30 to 50 companies that enables the Adviser to provide adequate diversification while allowing the composition and performance of the portfolio to behave differently than the market.</p> <p>We select securities for the portfolio based on an analysis of a company's financial characteristics and an assessment of the quality of a company's management. In selecting a company, we consider criteria such as return on equity, balance sheet strength, industry leadership position and cash flow projections. We further narrow the universe of acceptable investments by undertaking intensive research including interviews with a company's top management, customers and suppliers. We believe our assessment of business quality and emphasis on valuation will protect the portfolio's assets in down markets, while its insistence on strength in leadership, financial condition and cash flow position will produce competitive results in all but the most speculative markets. We regularly reviews the investments of the portfolio and may sell a portfolio holding when it has achieved its valuation target, there is deterioration in the underlying fundamentals of the business, or we have identified a more attractive investment opportunity.</p>

Master Portfolio	Investment Objective and Principal Investment Strategies
Emerging Growth Portfolio	<p>Investment Objective: The Portfolio seeks long-term capital appreciation.</p> <p>Principal Investment Strategies: Under normal circumstances, we invest:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ at least 80% of the Portfolio's total assets in equity securities of small-capitalization companies; and ■ up to 25% of the Portfolio's total assets in equity securities of foreign issuers through ADRs and similar investments. <p>We invest principally in equity securities of small-capitalization companies that we believe have prospects for robust and sustainable growth of revenues and earnings. We define small-capitalization companies as those with market capitalizations of \$3 billion or less. Small-capitalization companies may include both domestic and foreign small-capitalization companies. We may also invest in equity securities of foreign issuers through ADRs and similar investments.</p> <p>We seek small-capitalization companies that are in the emerging phase of their life cycle. We believe earnings and revenue growth relative to expectations are critical factors in determining stock price movements. Thus, its investment process is centered around finding emerging growth companies with under-appreciated prospects for robust and sustainable growth in earnings and revenue. To find that growth, we use bottom-up research, emphasizing companies whose management teams have a history of successfully executing their strategy and whose business model have sufficient profit potential. We forecast revenue and earnings growth along with other key financial metrics to assess investment potential. We then combine that company-specific analysis with its assessment what the market is discounting for growth to form a buy/sell decision about a particular stock. We may invest in any sector and, at times, may emphasize one or more particular sectors. We sell a company's securities when it sees deterioration in fundamentals that leads it to become suspicious of a company's prospective growth profile or the profitability potential of its business model, as this often leads to lower valuation potential. We may also sell or trim a position when it needs to raise money to fund the purchase of a better investment opportunity or when valuation is extended.</p>
Index Portfolio	<p>Investment Objective: The Portfolio seeks to replicate the total return of the Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Stock Index (the "S&P 500 Index"), before expenses.</p> <p>Principal Investment Strategies: Under normal circumstances, we invest:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ at least 80% of the Portfolio's net assets in a diversified portfolio of equity securities designed to replicate the holdings and weightings of the stocks comprising the S&P 500 Index. <p>We invest in substantially all of the common stocks comprising the S&P 500 Index and attempts to achieve at least a 95% correlation between the performance of the S&P 500 Index and the Portfolio's investment results, before expenses. This correlation is sought regardless of market conditions. If we are unable to achieve this correlation, we will closely monitor the performance and composition of the S&P 500 Index and adjust the Portfolio's securities holdings as necessary to seek the correlation.</p> <p>A precise duplication of the performance of the S&P 500 Index would mean that the net asset value ("NAV") of Interests, including dividends and capital gains, would increase or decrease in exact proportion to changes in the S&P 500 Index. Such a 100% correlation is not feasible. Our ability to track the performance of the S&P 500 Index may be affected by, among other things, transaction costs and interest holder purchases and redemptions. We continuously monitor the performance and composition of the S&P 500 Index and adjusts the Portfolio's securities as necessary to reflect any changes to the S&P 500 Index and to maintain a 95% or better performance correlation, before expenses.</p> <p>Furthermore, we may use futures to manage risk or to enhance return.</p>

The Sub-Advisers for the Master Portfolios

The sub-advisers for the master portfolios are compensated for their services by Funds Management from the fees Funds Management receives for its services as adviser to the master portfolios.

Cooke & Bieler, L.P. ("Cooke & Bieler"), a registered investment adviser located at 1700 Market Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103, serves as a sub-adviser and provides portfolio management services to one or more Funds. Cooke & Bieler

provides investment management services to corporations, foundations, endowments, pension and profit sharing plans, trusts, estates and other institutions and individuals.

Golden Capital Management, LLC ("Golden Capital"), a registered investment adviser located at 5 Resource Square, Suite 400, 10715 David Taylor Drive, Charlotte, NC 28262, serves as a sub-adviser and provides portfolio management services to one or more Funds. Golden Capital (originally Golden Capital Management, a division of Smith Asset Management Group) was founded in 1999 by Greg W. Golden, currently President, CEO and member of the investment team, and Jeffrey Moser, currently Chief Operating Officer and member of the investment team.

Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. ("Wells Fargo Bank"), an affiliate of Funds Management, a wholly owned subsidiary of Wells Fargo & Company, owns a 65% majority stake interest in Golden Capital. Per agreement, another affiliate of Funds Management has the ability, through subsequent transactions, to acquire additional ownership in Golden Capital in stages over a period of time up until December 31, 2016, at which time Golden Capital could become indirectly wholly owned by Wells Fargo & Company. If and to the extent exemptive relief or guidance is available from the SEC or its staff, shareholder approval would not be sought for these subsequent transactions. For additional information about Wells Fargo Bank's ownership interest in Golden Capital, please see the section entitled "Sub-Advisers" in the Statement of Additional Information.

Wells Capital Management Incorporated ("Wells Capital Management"), a registered investment adviser located at 525 Market Street, San Francisco, CA 94105, serves as a sub-adviser and provides portfolio management services to one or more Funds. Wells Capital Management, an affiliate of Funds Management and indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Wells Fargo & Company, is a multi-boutique asset management firm committed to delivering superior investment services to institutional clients.

Additional Performance Information

This section contains additional information regarding the performance of the Funds. The sub-section below titled "Index Descriptions" defines the market indices that are referenced in the Fund Summaries. The sub-section below titled "Share Class Performance" provides history for specified share classes of certain Funds.

Index Descriptions

The "Average Annual Total Returns" table in each Fund's Fund Summary compares the Fund's returns with those of one or more indices. Below are descriptions of each such index. You cannot invest directly in an index.

Russell 1000® Value Index	The Russell 1000® Value Index measures the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values.
Russell 2000® Growth Index	The Russell 2000® Growth Index measures the performance of those Russell 2000® companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values.
S&P 500® Index	The S&P 500® Index consists of 500 stocks chosen for market size, liquidity, and industry group representation. It is a market-value weighted index with each stock's weight in the Index proportionate to its market value.

Share Class Performance

The following provides additional information about the performance history of the Funds contained in this prospectus, including information regarding predecessor funds, if any, and whether performance information presented is based on the history of an older share class.

- **Index Fund** - Historical performance shown for the Investor Class shares prior to their inception reflects the performance of the Administrator Class shares, adjusted to reflect the higher expenses applicable to the Investor Class. Historical performance shown for all classes of the Fund prior to July 19, 2010 is based on the performance of the fund's predecessor, Evergreen Equity Index Fund.

A Fund's past performance is no guarantee of future results. A Fund's investment results will fluctuate over time, and any representation of the Fund's returns for any past period should not be considered as a representation of what a Fund's returns may be in any future period. Each Fund's annual and semi-annual reports contain additional performance information and are available upon request, without charge, by calling the telephone number listed on the back cover page of this Prospectus.

Financial Highlights

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand a Fund's financial performance for the past five years (or since inception, if shorter). Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. Total returns represent the rate you would have earned (or lost) on an investment in each Fund (assuming reinvestment of all distributions). The information in the following tables has been derived from the Funds' financial statements, which have been audited by KPMG LLP, the Funds' independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with each Fund's financial statements, is also included in each Fund's annual report, a copy of which is available upon request.

C&B Large Cap Value Fund

For a share outstanding throughout each period.

Investor Class	Year ended May 31			Year ended September 30		
	2013	2012	2011 ¹	2010	2009	2008 ²
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 8.14	\$ 8.70	\$ 7.46	\$ 7.04	\$ 7.68	\$ 10.19
Net investment income ⁵	0.10	0.10	0.04	0.06	0.09 ³	0.11 ³
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	2.21	-0.56	1.28	0.44	-0.59	-2.13
Total from investment operations	2.31	-0.46	1.32	0.50	-0.50	-2.02
Distribution to shareholders from						
Net realized gains	-0.12	-0.10	-0.08	-0.08	-0.14	-0.09
Tax basis return of capital	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	(0.00) ⁴	-0.40
Total distributions to shareholders	-0.12	-0.10	-0.08	-0.08	-0.14	-0.49
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 10.33	\$ 8.14	\$ 8.70	\$ 7.46	\$ 7.04	\$ 7.68
Total return⁶	28.68%	-5.17%	17.77%	7.15%	-6.06%	-20.59%
Ratios to average net assets (annualized)						
Gross expenses ⁵	1.36%	1.37%	1.39%	1.41%	1.40%	1.35%
Net expenses ⁵	1.20%	1.20%	1.20%	1.20%	1.20%	1.20%
Net investment income ⁵	1.21%	1.29%	0.75%	0.87%	1.62%	1.20%
Supplemental data						
Portfolio turnover rate ⁷	18%	21%	17%	13%	28%	21%
Net assets, end of period (000s omitted)	\$ 66,315	\$ 64,007	\$ 86,624	\$ 85,256	\$ 199,654	\$ 153,917

Emerging Growth Fund

For a share outstanding throughout each period.

Investor Class	Year ended May 31			Year ended September 30		
	2013	2012	2011 ¹	2010 ⁹	2009	2008 ²
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 12.39	\$ 13.07	\$ 9.47	\$ 7.91	\$ 8.49	\$ 12.38
Net investment loss ⁵	-0.16	-0.15 ³	-0.11 ³	-0.09	-0.07 ³	-0.13
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	2.49	-0.53	3.71	1.65	-0.51	-3.66
Total from investment operations	2.33	-0.68	3.60	1.56	-0.58	-3.79
Distribution to shareholders from						
Net realized gains	-0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.06
Tax basis return of capital	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.04
Total distributions to shareholders	-0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.10
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 14.04	\$ 12.39	\$ 13.07	\$ 9.47	\$ 7.91	\$ 8.49
Total return⁶	19.89%	-5.20%	38.01%	19.72%	-6.83%	-30.84%
Ratios to average net assets (annualized)						
Gross expenses ⁵	1.46%	1.52%	3.20%	4.85%	7.23%	3.92%
Net expenses ⁵	1.43%	1.45%	1.49%	1.50%	1.49%	1.49%
Net investment income (loss) ⁵	-1.10%	-1.21%	-1.35%	-1.22%	-1.11%	-1.05%
Supplemental data						
Portfolio turnover rate ⁷	65%	75%	59%	97%	147%	191%
Net assets, end of period (000s omitted)	\$ 37,812	\$ 36,715	\$ 15,626	\$ 3,705	\$ 2,862	\$ 3,665

Index Fund

On July 19, 2010, the Index Fund acquired the net assets of the Evergreen Equity Index Fund (the "Acquired Fund"). The Acquired Fund is the accounting and performance survivor of the transaction. The financial highlights for the periods prior to the acquisition are those of the Acquired Fund. The per share information has been adjusted to give effect to this transaction.

For a share outstanding throughout each period.

Investor Class ²	Year ended May 31			Year ended
	2013	2012	2011 ¹⁰	July 31
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 44.38	\$ 47.30	\$ 40.48	\$ 39.19
Net investment income ⁵	0.90	0.77	0.60	0.03
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	10.70	-1.33	8.80	1.26
Total from investment operations	11.60	-0.56	9.40	1.29
Distribution to shareholders from				
Net investment income	-0.88	-0.71	-0.70	0.00
Net realized gains	-0.94	-1.65	-1.88	0.00
Total distributions to shareholders	-1.82	-2.36	-2.58	0.00
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 54.16	\$ 44.38	\$ 47.30	\$ 40.48
Total return⁶	26.77%	-0.82%	23.78%	3.29%
Ratios to average net assets (annualized)				
Gross expenses ⁵	0.73%	0.75%	0.74%	0.79%
Net expenses ⁵	0.45%	0.45%	0.45%	0.45%
Net investment income ⁵	1.83%	1.74%	1.64%	2.13%
Supplemental data				
Portfolio turnover rate ⁷	4%	9%	3%	7%
Net assets, end of period (000s omitted)	\$ 149,637	\$ 118,982	\$ 131,141	\$ 111,126

1. For the eight months ended May 31, 2011. The Fund changed its fiscal year end from September 30 to May 31, effective May 31, 2011.

2. On June 20, 2008, Class D was renamed Investor Class.

3. Calculated based upon average shares outstanding

4. Amount is less than \$0.005

5. Includes net expenses allocated from affiliated Master Portfolio(s) in which the Fund invests.

6. Total return calculations do not include any sales charges. Returns for periods of less than one year are not annualized.

7. Portfolio turnover rate is calculated by aggregating the results of multiplying the Fund's investment percentage in the respective Master Portfolio by the corresponding Master Portfolio's portfolio turnover rate.

8. Commencement of class operations

9. Investor Class of Evergreen Equity Index Fund, the accounting and performance survivor, did not exit prior to the reorganization. As a result, accounting and performance information for Investor Class commenced operation on July 16, 2010.

10. For the ten months ended May 31, 2011. The Fund changed its fiscal year end from July 31 to May 31, effective May 31, 2011.

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FOR MORE INFORMATION

More information on a Fund is available free upon request, including the following documents:

Statement of Additional Information ("SAI")

Supplements the disclosures made by this Prospectus. The SAI, which has been filed with the SEC, is incorporated by reference into this Prospectus and therefore is legally part of this Prospectus.

Annual/Semi-Annual Reports

Provide financial and other important information, including a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected Fund performance over the reporting period.

To obtain copies of the above documents or for more information about *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds*, contact us:

By telephone:

Individual Investors: 1-800-222-8222

Retail Investment Professionals: 1-888-877-9275

Institutional Investment Professionals: 1-866-765-0778

By e-mail: wfaf@wellsfargo.com

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On the Internet:

wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com

From the SEC:

Visit the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC (phone 1-202-551-8090 for operational information for the SEC's Public Reference Room) or the SEC's Internet site at sec.gov.

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